UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549



| | IPSI INTE | RNATIONAL | |
|---|---|---|--------------|
| | FORM : | 10-Q | |
| ☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO | SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE | SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 | |
| For the quarterly period ended June 30, 20 | 021 or | | |
| □ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO For the transition period fromto Commission file number 001-35944 | ` , | SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 | |
| | POWER SOLUTIONS IN (Exact Name of Registrant as | | |
| Delaware | | 33-0963637 | |
| (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation | · , | (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) | |
| 201 Mittel Drive, Wood Dale (Address of Principal Executive C | | 60191 (Zip Code) | |
| | (Registrant's Telephone Numb | | |
| Title of Each Class None | Securities Registered Pursuant Trading | to Section 12(b) of the Act: Symbol(s) Name of Each Exchange on Which Register | red |
| None | Securities Registered Pursuant Common Stock, par val | · | |
| | ch shorter period that the registra | ired to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchanant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to | |
| | | every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant at the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes \boxtimes | |
| | | an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "eme | |
| Large accelerated filer \Box | | Accelerated filer | |
| Non-accelerated filer ⊠ | | Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company | |
| If an emerging growth company, indicate new or revised financial accounting standards p | | as elected not to use the extended transition period for complyi | ing with any |
| - | - | ed in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes □ No ⊠ | |
| As of August 2, 2021, there were 22,923,4 | 186 outstanding shares of the Co | mmon Stock of the registrant. | |
| | | | |
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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 (the "Quarterly Report") that are not historical facts are intended to constitute "forward-looking statements" entitled to the safe-harbor provisions of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). These statements may involve risks and uncertainties. These statements often include words such as "anticipate," "believe," "budgeted," "contemplate," "estimate," "expect," "forecast," "guidance," "may," "outlook," "plan," "projection," "should," "target," "will," "would" or similar expressions, but these words are not the exclusive means for identifying such statements. These forward-looking statements include statements regarding Power Solutions International, Inc.'s, a Delaware corporation ("Power Solutions," "PSI" or the "Company"), projected sales, potential profitability and liquidity, strategic initiatives, future business strategies, warranty mitigation efforts and market opportunities, improvements in its business, remediation of internal controls, improvement of product margins, and product market conditions and trends. These statements are not guarantees of performance or results, and they involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Although the Company believes that these forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, there are many factors that could affect the Company's results of operations and liquidity and could cause actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, the Company's forward-looking statements.

The Company cautions that the risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause its actual results to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, the forward-looking statements include, without limitation, the factors discussed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020, and from time to time in the Company's subsequent filings with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"); the impact of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic could have on the Company's business and financial results; the Company's ability to continue as a going concern; the Company's ability to raise additional capital when needed and its liquidity; uncertainties around the Company's ability to meet funding conditions under its financing arrangements and access to capital thereunder; the potential acceleration of the maturity at any time of the loans under the Company's uncommitted senior secured revolving credit facility through the exercise by Standard Chartered Bank of its demand right; the timing of completion of steps to address, and the inability to address and remedy, material weaknesses; the identification of additional material weaknesses or significant deficiencies; risks related to complying with the terms and conditions of the settlements with the SEC and the United States Attorney's Office for the Northern District of Illinois (the "USAO"); variances in non-recurring expenses; risks relating to the substantial costs and diversion of personnel's attention and resources deployed to address the internal control matters; the Company's obligations to indemnify past and present directors and officers and certain current and former employees with respect to the investigations conducted by the SEC and the criminal division of the USAO, which will be funded by the Company with its existing cash resources due to the exhaustion of its historical primary directors' and officers' insurance coverage; the ability of the Company to accurately forecast sales, and the extent to which sales result in recorded revenues; changes in customer demand for the Company's products; volatility in oil and gas prices; the impact of U.S. tariffs on imports from China on the Company's supply chain; the potential for increased warranty costs and the Company's ability to mitigate such costs; any delays and challenges in recruiting and retaining key employees consistent with the Company's plans; any negative impacts from delisting of the Company's common stock par value \$0.001 (the "Common Stock") from the NASDAQ Stock Market ("NASDAQ") and any delays and challenges in obtaining a re-listing on a stock exchange.

The Company's forward-looking statements are presented as of the date hereof. Except as required by law, the Company expressly disclaims any intention or obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

The Company is subject to the reporting and information requirements of the Exchange Act, and as a result, it is obligated to file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. The Company makes these filings available free of charge on its website (http://www.psiengines.com) as soon as reasonably practicable after it electronically files them with, or furnishes them to, the SEC. Information on the Company's website does not constitute part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. In addition, the SEC maintains a website (http://www.sec.gov) that contains the annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy and information statements, and other information the Company electronically files with, or furnishes to, the SEC.

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

POWER SOLUTIONS INTERNATIONAL, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

| (in thousands, except par values) | As of | f June 30, 2021 | As of | December 31, 2020 |
|--|-------|-----------------|-------|-------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 5,503 | \$ | 20,968 |
| Restricted cash | | 2,949 | | 3,299 |
| Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$3,896 and \$3,701 as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively | | 59,578 | | 60,148 |
| Income tax receivable | | 4,273 | | 3,708 |
| Inventories, net | | 129,262 | | 108,213 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | | 7,926 | | 6,351 |
| Total current assets | | 209,491 | | 202,687 |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | | 19,162 | | 20,181 |
| Intangible assets, net | | 9,052 | | 10,319 |
| Goodwill | | 29,835 | | 29,835 |
| Other noncurrent assets | | 16,888 | | 20,955 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 284,428 | \$ | 283,977 |
| | | | | |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIT) EQUITY | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 79,786 | \$ | 31,547 |
| Current maturities of long-term debt | | 304 | | 310 |
| Revolving line of credit | | 130,000 | | 130,000 |
| Other accrued liabilities | | 67,476 | | 77,619 |
| Total current liabilities | | 277,566 | | 239,476 |
| Deferred income taxes | | 1,258 | | 886 |
| Long-term debt, net of current maturities | | 743 | | 781 |
| Noncurrent contract liabilities | | 2,640 | | 3,181 |
| Other noncurrent liabilities | | 29,617 | | 33,556 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | \$ | 311,824 | \$ | 277,880 |
| STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIT) EQUITY | | | | |
| Preferred stock – \$0.001 par value. Shares authorized: 5,000. No shares issued and outstanding at all dates. | \$ | _ | \$ | <u>_</u> |
| Common stock – \$0.001 par value; 50,000 shares authorized; 23,117 shares issued; 22,894 and 22,892 shares outstanding June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively | Ψ | 23 | Ψ | 23 |
| Additional paid-in capital | | 157,394 | | 157,262 |
| Accumulated deficit | | (183,615) | | (149,894) |
| Treasury stock, at cost, 223 and 225 shares at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively | | (1,198) | | (1,294) |
| TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIT) EQUITY | · | (27,396) | • | 6,097 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIT) EQUITY | \$ | 284,428 | \$ | 283,977 |

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

POWER SOLUTIONS INTERNATIONAL, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

| (in thousands, except per share amounts) | For the Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | | For the Six Months Ended June 30, | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|----------|----|----------|----|-----------------------------------|------|----------|--|--|
| | | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2021 | 2020 | | | |
| Net sales | \$ | 111,478 | \$ | 93,056 | \$ | 211,649 | \$ | 198,153 | | |
| Cost of sales | | 98,284 | | 89,279 | | 191,385 | | 176,662 | | |
| Gross profit | | 13,194 | | 3,777 | | 20,264 | | 21,491 | | |
| Operating expenses: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Research, development and engineering expenses | | 6,111 | | 5,814 | | 12,335 | | 12,566 | | |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | | 21,089 | | 12,580 | | 36,900 | | 26,470 | | |
| Amortization of intangible assets | | 633 | | 764 | | 1,267 | | 1,527 | | |
| Total operating expenses | | 27,833 | | 19,158 | | 50,502 | | 40,563 | | |
| Operating loss | | (14,639) | | (15,381) | | (30,238) | | (19,072 | | |
| Other expense, net: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest expense | | 1,469 | | 1,427 | | 3,630 | | 2,701 | | |
| Loss on debt extinguishment and modifications | | _ | | 497 | | _ | | 497 | | |
| Other expense (income), net | | 1 | | (44) | | 1 | | (255 | | |
| Total other expense, net | | 1,470 | | 1,880 | | 3,631 | | 2,943 | | |
| Loss before income taxes | | (16,109) | | (17,261) | | (33,869) | | (22,015 | | |
| Income tax (benefit) expense | | (538) | | 481 | | (148) | | (3,561 | | |
| Net loss | \$ | (15,571) | \$ | (17,742) | \$ | (33,721) | \$ | (18,454) | | |
| Weighted-average common shares outstanding: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Basic | | 22,893 | | 22,858 | | 22,893 | | 22,858 | | |
| Diluted | | 22,893 | | 22,858 | | 22,893 | | 22,858 | | |
| Loss per common share: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Basic | \$ | (0.68) | \$ | (0.78) | \$ | (1.47) | \$ | (0.81 | | |
| Diluted | \$ | (0.68) | \$ | (0.78) | \$ | (1.47) | \$ | (0.81 | | |
| See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements | | | | | | | | | | |

POWER SOLUTIONS INTERNATIONAL, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIT) EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

| (in thousands) | For the Three Months Ended | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|----------|----|---------|------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|---------|----|----------|
| | Comm | on Stock | | | Accumulated Deficit Treasury Stock | | Total Stockhold ck (Deficit) Ed | | | |
| Balance at March 31, 2021 | \$ | 23 | \$ | 157,371 | \$ | (168,044) | \$ | (1,295) | \$ | (11,945) |
| Net loss | | _ | | _ | | (15,571) | | _ | | (15,571) |
| Stock-based compensation expense | | _ | | 23 | | _ | | 100 | | 123 |
| Common stock issued for stock-based awards, net | | | | | | _ | | (3) | | (3) |
| Balance at June 30, 2021 | \$ | 23 | \$ | 157,394 | \$ | (183,615) | \$ | (1,198) | \$ | (27,396) |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at March 31, 2020 | \$ | 23 | \$ | 156,891 | \$ | (127,624) | \$ | (1,349) | \$ | 27,941 |
| Net loss | | _ | | _ | | (17,742) | | _ | | (17,742) |
| Stock-based compensation expense | | _ | | 160 | | _ | | _ | | 160 |
| Common stock issued for stock-based awards, net | | | | 1 | | <u> </u> | | (5) | | (4) |
| Balance at June 30, 2020 | \$ | 23 | \$ | 157,052 | \$ | (145,366) | \$ | (1,354) | \$ | 10,355 |

| (in thousands) | For the Six Months Ended | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|----|----|----------------|----|--|----|---------|----|----------|
| | Additional Paid- Accumulated Common Stock in Capital Deficit | | Т | Treasury Stock | | Total Stockholders' (Deficit) Equity | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | \$ | 23 | \$ | 157,262 | \$ | (149,894) | \$ | (1,294) | \$ | 6,097 |
| Net loss | | _ | | _ | | (33,721) | | _ | | (33,721) |
| Stock-based compensation expense | | _ | | 132 | | _ | | 100 | | 232 |
| Common stock issued for stock-based awards, net | | _ | | _ | | _ | | (4) | | (4) |
| Balance at June 30, 2021 | \$ | 23 | \$ | 157,394 | \$ | (183,615) | \$ | (1,198) | \$ | (27,396) |
| Balance at December 31, 2019 | \$ | 23 | \$ | 156,727 | \$ | (126,912) | \$ | (1,341) | \$ | 28,497 |
| Net loss | | _ | | _ | | (18,454) | | _ | | (18,454) |
| Stock-based compensation expense | | _ | | 317 | | _ | | _ | | 317 |
| Common stock issued for stock-based awards, net | | | | 8 | | | | (13) | | (5) |
| Balance at June 30, 2020 | \$ | 23 | \$ | 157,052 | \$ | (145,366) | \$ | (1,354) | \$ | 10,355 |

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

POWER SOLUTIONS INTERNATIONAL, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

| (in thousands) | | For the Six Months Ended June 30, | | | | | | |
|--|---------|-----------------------------------|---------|----------|--|--|--|--|
| | | 2021 | 2020 | | | | | |
| Cash (used in) provided by operating activities | | | | | | | | |
| Net loss | \$ | (33,721) | \$ | (18,454) | | | | |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Amortization of intangible assets | | 1,267 | | 1,527 | | | | |
| Depreciation | | 2,445 | | 2,608 | | | | |
| Stock-based compensation expense | | 232 | | 317 | | | | |
| Amortization of financing fees | | 1,627 | | 609 | | | | |
| Deferred income taxes | | 371 | | (323) | | | | |
| Loss on extinguishment of debt | | _ | | 497 | | | | |
| Other adjustments, net | | 503 | | 253 | | | | |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts receivable, net | | 577 | | 42,492 | | | | |
| Inventory, net | | (21,417) | | (31,980) | | | | |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets | | 11 | | 22 | | | | |
| Accounts payable | | 48,475 | | (8,634) | | | | |
| Accrued expenses | | (10,122) | | 24,692 | | | | |
| Other noncurrent liabilities | | (4,487) | | (9,616) | | | | |
| Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities | | (14,239) | | 4,010 | | | | |
| Cash provided by (used in) investing activities | | | | · | | | | |
| Capital expenditures | | (1,185) | | (1,416) | | | | |
| Return of investment in joint venture | | 2,181 | | ` _ ´ | | | | |
| Other investing activities, net | | 36 | | 7 | | | | |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | | 1,032 | | (1,409) | | | | |
| Cash (used in) provided by financing activities | | | | (, , | | | | |
| Repayments of long-term debt and lease liabilities | | (193) | | (55,200) | | | | |
| Proceeds from revolving line of credit | | _ | | 180,298 | | | | |
| Repayments of revolving line of credit | | _ | | (89,826) | | | | |
| Payments of deferred financing costs | | (2,549) | | (1,970) | | | | |
| Other financing activities, net | | 134 | | 76 | | | | |
| Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities | | (2,608) | | 33,378 | | | | |
| Net (decrease) increase in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash | | (15,815) | | 35,979 | | | | |
| Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at beginning of the period | | 24,267 | | 3 | | | | |
| | \$ | 8,452 | \$ | 35,982 | | | | |
| Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at end of the period | Ψ | 0,432 | Ψ | 33,302 | | | | |
| (in thousands) | | As of J | une 30, | | | | | |
| | | 2021 | | 2020 | | | | |
| Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash to the Consolidated Balance Sheets | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 5,503 | \$ | 32,533 | | | | |
| Restricted cash | <u></u> | 2,949 | | 3,449 | | | | |
| Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash | \$ | 8,452 | \$ | 35,982 | | | | |
| - | | | | | | | | |

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

POWER SOLUTIONS INTERNATIONAL, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Information

Nature of Business Operations

Power Solutions International, Inc. ("Power Solutions," "PSI" or the "Company"), a Delaware corporation, is a global producer and distributor of a broad range of high-performance, certified, low-emission power systems, including alternative-fueled power systems for original equipment manufacturers ("OEMs") of off-highway industrial equipment and certain on-road vehicles and large custom-engineered integrated electrical power generation systems.

The Company's customers include large, industry-leading and multinational organizations. The Company's products and services are sold predominantly to customers throughout North America as well as to customers located throughout the Pacific Rim and Europe. The Company's power systems are highly engineered, comprehensive systems which, through the Company's technologically sophisticated development and manufacturing processes, including its in-house design, prototyping, testing and engineering capabilities and its analysis and determination of the specific components to be integrated into a given power system (driven in large part by emission standards and cost considerations), allow the Company to provide its customers with power systems customized to meet specific OEM application requirements, other technical customers' specifications and requirements imposed by environmental regulatory bodies.

The Company's power system configurations range from a basic engine integrated with appropriate fuel system components to completely packaged power systems that include any combination of cooling systems, electronic systems, air intake systems, fuel systems, housings, power takeoff systems, exhaust systems, hydraulic systems, enclosures, brackets, hoses, tubes and other assembled componentry. The Company also designs and manufactures large, custom-engineered integrated electrical power generation systems for both standby and prime power applications. The Company purchases engines from third-party suppliers and produces internally designed engines, all of which are then integrated into its power systems.

Of the other components that the Company integrates into its power systems, a substantial portion consist of internally designed components and components for which it coordinates significant design efforts with third-party suppliers, with the remainder consisting largely of parts that are sourced off-the-shelf from third-party suppliers. Some of the key components (including purchased engines) embody proprietary intellectual property of the Company's suppliers. As a result of its design and manufacturing capabilities, the Company is able to provide its customers with a power system that can be incorporated into a customer's specified application. In addition to the certified products described above, the Company sells diesel, gasoline and noncertified power systems and aftermarket components.

Stock Ownership and Control

In March 2017, the Company executed a share purchase agreement (the "SPA") with Weichai America Corp., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Weichai Power Co., Ltd. (HK2338, SZ000338) (herein collectively referred to as "Weichai"). Under the terms of the SPA, Weichai invested \$60.0 million in the Company purchasing a combination of newly issued Common and Preferred Stock as well as a stock purchase warrant (the "Weichai Warrant").

With the exercise of the Weichai Warrant in April 2019, Weichai owns a majority of the outstanding shares of the Company's common stock par value \$0.001 ("Common Stock"). As a result, Weichai is able to exercise control over matters requiring stockholders' approval, including the election of the directors, amendment of the Company's Certificate of Incorporation and approval of significant corporate transactions. This control could have the effect of delaying or preventing a change of control of the Company or changes in management and will make the approval of certain transactions impractical without the support of Weichai.

Weichai also entered into an Investor Rights Agreement (the "Rights Agreement") with the Company upon execution of the SPA. The Rights Agreement provides Weichai with representation on the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board") and management representation rights. Weichai currently has four representatives on the Board, which constitutes the majority of the directors serving on the Board. According to the Rights Agreement, during any period when the Company is a "controlled company" within the meaning of the NASDAQ Stock Market ("NASDAQ") Listing Rules, it will take such measures as to avail itself of the "controlled company" exemptions available under Rule 5615 of the NASDAQ Listing Rules of Rules 5605(b), (d) and (e).

Going Concern Considerations

In March 2021, the Company entered into an amended and restated uncommitted revolving credit agreement between the Company and Standard Chartered Bank ("Standard Chartered"), as administrative agent (the "Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement"). The Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement continues to allow the Company to borrow up to \$130.0 million and matures on March 25, 2022. Under the Amended and

Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement, Standard Chartered has the right to demand payment of any and all outstanding borrowings and other amounts outstanding under the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement at any point in time at its discretion. In connection with the execution of the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement, the Company entered into an amendment and restatement of the shareholder's loan agreement originally executed with Weichai in December 2020 (the "First Amended and Restated Shareholder's Loan Agreement"). The First Amended and Restated Shareholder's Loan Agreement provides the Company with access to \$130.0 million of credit solely for purposes of repaying outstanding borrowings under the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement. The First Amended and Restated Shareholder's Loan Agreement expires on April 25, 2022. The Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement provides Standard Chartered with a power of attorney ("POA") to submit a borrowing request to Weichai under the First Amended and Restated Shareholder's Loan Agreement if the Company fails to submit a borrowing request within five business days of receiving a request from Standard Chartered. As of June 30, 2021, the Company had \$130.0 million outstanding under the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement.

On July 14, 2021, the Company entered into an additional Shareholder's Loan Agreement (the "Second Shareholder's Loan Agreement") with Weichai. The Second Shareholder's Loan Agreement provides the Company with a \$25 million uncommitted facility that is subordinated to the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement and any borrowing requests made under the Second Shareholder's Loan Agreement are subject to Weichai's discretionary approval. Borrowings under the Second Shareholder's Loan Agreement bear interest at LIBOR plus 4.50% and can be used for general corporate purposes, except for certain legal expenditures which require additional approval from Weichai. The Second Shareholder's Loan Agreement expires on May 20, 2022 with any outstanding principal and accrued interest due upon maturity. As of August 11, 2021, the Company had \$15.0 million outstanding under the Second Shareholder's Loan Agreement.

See Note 6. *Debt* for further information regarding the terms and conditions of the Company's debt agreements.

The Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement includes financial covenants which were effective for the Company beginning with the three months ended June 30, 2021. The financial covenants include an interest coverage ratio and a minimum threshold for earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") as further defined in the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement. For the three months ended June 30, 2021, the Company did not meet the defined minimum interest coverage ratio nor the minimum EBITDA threshold. A breach of the financial covenants under the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement constitutes an event of default and, if not cured or waived, could result in the obligations under the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement being accelerated. The Company is currently in discussion with Standard Chartered in connection with the financial covenant breaches.

Significant uncertainties exist about the Company's ability to refinance, extend, or repay its outstanding indebtedness, maintain sufficient liquidity to fund its business activities, obtain a cure or waiver in connection with the financial covenant breaches (as discussed above), and maintain compliance with the covenants and other requirements under the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement in the future. Without additional financing, the Company anticipates that it will not have sufficient cash and cash equivalents to repay amounts owing under its existing debt arrangements as they become due. In order to provide the Company with a more permanent source of liquidity, management plans to seek an extension and amendment and/or replacement of its existing debt agreements or seek additional liquidity from its current or other lenders before the maturity dates in 2022 as discussed above. There can be no assurance that the Company's management will be able to successfully complete an extension and amendment of its existing debt agreements or obtain new financing on acceptable terms, when required or if at all. These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of the Company's efforts to address these issues.

Furthermore, if the Company cannot raise capital on acceptable terms, it may not, among other things, be able to do the following:

- continue to expand the Company's research and product investments and sales and marketing organization;
- · continue to fund and expand operations both organically and through acquisitions; and
- · respond to competitive pressures or unanticipated working capital requirements.

Additionally, as discussed further below, the global economy continues to be impacted by the outbreak of the coronavirus ("COVID-19") that was first declared a global pandemic (the "COVID-19 pandemic") in March 2020. The potential for continued disruptions, economic uncertainty, and unfavorable oil and gas market dynamics may continue to have a material adverse impact on the results of operations, financial position and liquidity of the Company.

The Company's management has concluded that, due to uncertainties surrounding the Company's future ability to refinance, extend and amend, or repay its outstanding indebtedness under its existing debt arrangements, maintain sufficient liquidity to fund its business activities, obtain a cure or waiver of its financial covenant breaches, and maintain compliance with the covenants and other requirements under the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement in the future,

substantial doubt exists as to its ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that these financial statements are issued. The Company's plans to alleviate the substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern may not be successful, and it may be forced to limit its business activities or be unable to continue as a going concern, which would have a material adverse effect on its results of operations and financial condition.

The consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern and contemplating the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on generating profitable operating results, having sufficient liquidity, maintaining compliance with the covenants and other requirements under the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement in the future, and extending and amending, refinancing or repaying the indebtedness outstanding under the Company's existing debt arrangements.

COVID-19 Pandemic and Other Recent Business Impacts

During 2020, as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, the global economy experienced substantial turmoil, which led to challenging market conditions across certain areas of the Company's business. In addition, due to unprecedented decreases in demand, an oil price war, and economic uncertainty resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic, average crude oil prices were considerably lower in 2020 as compared to prices at the end of 2019. Since May 2020, crude oil prices increased considerably from their lows reached in April 2020. However, U.S. rig counts have been slower to return as levels at the end of June 2021 remain below the average for the first half of 2020 and significantly below the full year average during 2019. These factors have contributed to a challenging environment for the sale of the Company's oil and gas related products through the first half of 2021. A significant portion of the Company's sales and profitability is derived from the sale of products that are used within the oil and gas industry. In addition, the Company experienced delays in its supply chain during the first half of 2021 due to temporary shortages of raw materials and container delays of overseas materials as bottlenecks occurred at ports in Asia and North America. This, in turn, caused delivery delays to some of the Company's customers. The Company also experienced inflationary cost pressures for certain materials and has also experienced higher tariff costs as a result of the non-renewal of certain tariff exclusions. The Company is working to mitigate the impact of these matters through price increases and other measures, such as obtaining certain tariff exclusions, where possible. The potential for continued disruptions, economic uncertainty, and unfavorable oil and gas market dynamics may have a material adverse impact on the timing of delivery of customer orders and the levels of future customer orders.

Additionally, during the first half of 2021, the Company incurred significantly higher legal costs due to its obligation to indemnify certain former officers and employees as a result of exhaustion of its directors and officers insurance during the early part of 2020. In particular, spending activity was elevated in the first half of 2021 as a result of the United States Attorney's Office for the Northern District of Illinois (the "USAO") trial involving former officers and employees of the Company. At this time, the Company is not able to estimate the potential future amount of its indemnity obligations related to this matter nor the pending U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") matter involving these prior officers and employees. See Note 9. *Commitments and Contingencies* for further discussion of the Company's indemnification obligations. Accordingly, the above challenges may continue to have a material adverse impact on the Company's future results of operations, financial position, and liquidity.

Basis of Presentation and Consolidation

The Company is filing this Form 10-Q for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, which contains unaudited consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2021 and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Power Solutions International, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries and majority-owned subsidiaries in which the Company exercises control. The foregoing financial information was prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("U.S. GAAP") and rules and regulations of the SEC for interim financial reporting. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Certain information and note disclosures normally included in the Company's annual financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been condensed or omitted. The accompanying consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with, and have been prepared in accordance with accounting policies reflected in, the consolidated financial statements and related notes, included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020 ("the 2020 Annual Report"). The Company's significant accounting policies are described in the aforementioned 2020 Annual Report. Included below are certain updates to those policies. The accompanying interim financial information is unaudited; however, the Company believes the financial information reflects all adjustments (consisting of items of a normal recurring nature) necessary for a fair presentation of financial position, results of operations and cash flows in conformity with U.S. GAAP. Operating results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of annual operating results.

The Company operates as one business and geographic operating segment. Operating segments are defined as components of a business that can earn revenue and incur expenses for which discrete financial information is available that is evaluated on a regular basis by the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"). The Company's CODM is its principal executive officer, who decides how to allocate resources and assess performance. A single management team reports to the CODM, who manages the entire business. The Company's CODM reviews consolidated statements of operations to make decisions, allocate resources and assess performance, and the CODM does not evaluate the profit or loss from any separate geography or product line.

Concentrations

The following table presents customers individually accounting for more than 10% of the Company's net sales:

| | For the Three Months l | Ended June 30, | For the Six Months E | nded June 30, |
|------------|------------------------|----------------|----------------------|---------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Customer A | 17 % | 15 % | 16 % | 15 % |
| Customer B | 11 % | 10 % | ** | 10 % |
| Customer C | 21 % | ** | 21 % | ** |

The following table presents customers individually accounting for more than 10% of the Company's accounts receivable:

| | As of June 30, 2021 | As of December 31, 2020 |
|------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Customer A | 27 % | 16 % |
| Customer B | 16 % | ** |
| Customer D | ** | 22 % |

The following table presents suppliers individually accounting for more than 10% of the Company's purchases:

| | For the Three Months | Ended June 30, | For the Six Month | s Ended June 30, |
|------------|----------------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Supplier A | 15 % | ** | 14 % | ** |
| Supplier B | 12 % | 30 % | ** | 20 % |

* Less than 10% of the total

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires that management make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates and assumptions include the valuation of allowances for uncollectible receivables, inventory reserves, warranty reserves, evaluation of goodwill, other intangibles, property, plant and equipment for impairment, and determination of useful lives of long-lived assets. Actual results could materially differ from those estimates.

Research and Development

R&D expenses are expensed when incurred. R&D expenses consist primarily of wages, materials, testing and consulting related to the development of new engines, parts and applications. These costs were \$5.8 million and \$5.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. These costs were \$11.8 million and \$12.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Restricted Cash

The Company is required to maintain minimum levels of cash collateral to support the letters of credit. The cash collateral is held in a separate bank account which the Company is restricted from accessing. As discussed in Note 9. *Commitments and Contingencies*, the Company had outstanding letters of credit of \$2.3 million at both June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 and restricted cash of \$2.9 million and \$3.3 million at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

Inventories

The Company's inventories consist primarily of engines and parts. Engines are valued at the lower of cost plus estimated freight-in or net realizable value. Parts are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Net realizable value approximates replacement cost. Cost is principally determined using the first-in, first-out method and includes material, labor and manufacturing overhead. It is the Company's policy to review inventories on a continuing basis for obsolete, excess and slow-moving items and to record valuation adjustments for such items in order to eliminate non-recoverable costs from inventory.

Valuation adjustments are recorded in an inventory reserve account and reduce the cost basis of the inventory in the period in which the reduced valuation is determined. Inventory reserves are established based on quantities on hand, usage and sales history, customer orders, projected demand and utilization within a current or future power system. Specific analysis of individual items or groups of items is performed based on these same criteria, as well as on changes in market conditions or any other identified conditions.

Inventories consisted of the following:

(in thousands)

| Inventories | As of June 30, 20 | | As of De | cember 31, 2020 |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------|----------|-----------------|
| Raw materials * | \$ | 103,979 | \$ | 89,684 |
| Work in process | | 7,464 | | 2,482 |
| Finished goods | | 21,406 | | 19,375 |
| Total inventories | | 132,849 | | 111,541 |
| Inventory allowance | | (3,587) | | (3,328) |
| Inventories, net | \$ | 129,262 | \$ | 108,213 |

^{*} As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, raw materials included \$23.6 million and \$36.6 million, respectively, of 6.0L engines that were purchased for a customer under a long-term supply agreement. See Note 2. *Revenue* for additional information related to contract liabilities and remaining performance obligations related to these engines.

Activity in the Company's inventory allowance was as follows:

| (in thousands) | For the Six Months Ended June 30, | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|------|-------|--|
| Inventory Allowance | | 2021 | 2020 | | |
| Balance at beginning of period | \$ | 3,328 | \$ | 2,964 | |
| Charged to expense | | 459 | | 897 | |
| Write-offs | | (200) | | (819) | |
| Balance at end of period | \$ | 3,587 | \$ | 3,042 | |

Other Accrued Liabilities

Other accrued liabilities consisted of the following:

(in thousands)

| Other Accrued Liabilities | As of June 30, 2021 | | As of December 31, 2020 | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|--------|-------------------------|---|
| Accrued product warranty | \$ | 14,782 | \$ 14,928 | Ī |
| Litigation reserves * | | 4,288 | 3,128 | |
| Contract liabilities | | 34,751 | 47,960 | |
| Accrued compensation and benefits | | 3,247 | 3,124 | |
| Operating lease liabilities | | 3,826 | 3,793 | |
| Accrued interest expense | | 72 | 895 | |
| Other | | 6,510 | 3,791 | |
| Total | \$ | 67,476 | \$ 77,619 | _ |

^{*} As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 litigation reserves related to various ongoing legal matters including associated legal fees as well as accrued indemnification costs related to former officers and employees of the Company. See Note 9. Commitments and Contingencies for additional information.

Warranty Costs

The Company offers a standard limited warranty on the workmanship of its products that in most cases covers defects for a defined period. Warranties for certified emission products are mandated by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (the "EPA") and/or the California Air Resources Board (the "CARB") and are longer than the Company's standard warranty on certain emission related products. The Company's products also carry limited warranties from suppliers. The Company's warranties generally apply to engines fully manufactured by the Company and to the modifications the Company makes to supplier base products. Costs related to supplier warranty claims are generally borne by the supplier and passed through to the end customer.

Warranty estimates are based on historical experience and represent the projected cost associated with the product. A liability and related expense are recognized at the time products are sold. The Company adjusts estimates when it is determined that

actual costs may differ from initial or previous estimates. The Company's warranty liability is generally affected by failure rates, repair costs, and the timing of failures. Future events and circumstances related to these factors could materially change the estimates and require adjustments to the warranty liability. In addition, new product launches require a greater use of judgment in developing estimates until historical experience becomes available.

Accrued product warranty activities are presented below:

| (in thousands) | For the Six Months Ended June 30, | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|----------|----|----------|--|
| Accrued Product Warranty | _ | 2021 | | 2020 | |
| Balance at beginning of period | \$ | 31,542 | \$ | 25,501 | |
| Current year provision * | | 8,770 | | 7,418 | |
| Changes in estimates for preexisting warranties ** | | 780 | | 9,925 | |
| Payments made during the period | | (11,767) | | (10,373) | |
| Balance at end of period | | 29,325 | | 32,471 | |
| Less: current portion | | 14,782 | | 16,660 | |
| Noncurrent accrued product warranty | \$ | 14,543 | \$ | 15,811 | |

^{*} Warranty costs, net of supplier recoveries, were \$7.5 million and \$15.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Supplier recoveries were \$2.5 million and \$1.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements - Adopted

In March 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-04, *Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Facilitation of Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting*, which provided optional guidance for a limited period of time to ease the potential burden in accounting for (or recognizing the effects of) reference rate reform on financial reporting. The amendment allows entities to elect not to apply certain modification accounting requirements to contracts affected by reference rate reform if certain criteria are met. An entity that makes this election would not have to remeasure the contracts at the modification date or reassess a previous accounting determination. Entities can elect various optional expedients that would allow them to continue applying hedge accounting for hedging relationships affected by reference rate reform, if certain criteria are met. The guidance was effective upon issuance and expires after December 31, 2022. There was no impact on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets, Statements of Operations, Statements of Cash Flows or Statement of Stockholders' Equity as a result of this guidance. The Company continues to monitor contracts potentially impacted by reference rate reform, including the Company's debt agreements, and will continue to assess the potential impacts of this guidance as reference rates are updated.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements - Not Yet Adopted

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, *Financial Instruments – Credit Losses: Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments*, which applies primarily to the Company's accounts receivable impairment loss allowances. The guidance provides a revised model whereby the current expected credit losses are used to compute impairment of financial instruments. The new model requires evaluation of historical experience and various current and expected factors, which may affect the estimated amount of losses and requires determination of whether the affected financial instruments should be grouped in units of account. The guidance, as originally issued, was effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. In November 2019, the FASB issued ASU 2019-10, *Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326)*, *Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815)*, *and Leases (Topic 842) Effective Dates*, which deferred the effective dates of these standards for certain entities. Based on the guidance, the effective date of ASU 2016-13 is deferred for the Company until fiscal year 2023. The Company currently plans to adopt the guidance on January 1, 2023 when it becomes effective. The Company is continuing to assess the impact of the standard on its consolidated financial statements.

^{**} Change in estimates for preexisting warranties reflect changes in the Company's estimate of warranty costs for products sold in prior periods. Such adjustments typically occur when claims experience deviates from historical and expected trends. The Company recorded charges for changes in estimates of preexisting warranties of \$0.8 million, or \$0.03 per diluted share, for the six months ended June 30, 2021, and charges of \$9.9 million, or \$0.43 per diluted share, for the six months ended June 30, 2020, respectively.

Note 2. Revenue

Disaggregation of Revenue

The following table summarizes net sales by end market:

| (in thousands) | For the Three I | Ionths Endec | d June 30, | For the Six Months Ended June 30, | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|----------------|------------|-----------------------------------|-------|---------|--|
| End Market | 2021 | 2021 2020 2021 | | 2021 | | 2020 | |
| Energy | \$ 24,6 | 51 \$ | 29,649 | \$ 49,8 | .0 \$ | 79,733 | |
| Industrial | 36,9 | 00 | 30,463 | 71,2 | 20 | 67,594 | |
| Transportation | 49,9 | 27 | 32,944 | 90,6 | .9 | 50,826 | |
| Total | \$ 111,4 | 78 \$ | 93,056 | \$ 211,6 | 9 \$ | 198,153 | |

The following table summarizes net sales by geographic area:

| (in thousands) | For the Three Mor | nths Ended June 30, | For the Six Months Ended June 30, | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|--|--|
| Geographic Area | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | | |
| North America | \$ 101,869 | \$ 81,979 | \$ 193,784 | \$ 176,499 | | |
| Pacific Rim | 5,420 | 6,295 | 10,948 | 12,749 | | |
| Europe | 1,958 | 2,578 | 3,568 | 5,235 | | |
| Other | 2,231 | 2,204 | 3,349 | 3,670 | | |
| Total | \$ 111,478 | \$ 93,056 | \$ 211,649 | \$ 198,153 | | |

Contract Balances

Most of the Company's contracts are for a period of less than one year; however, certain long-term manufacturing and extended warranty contracts extend beyond one year. The timing of revenue recognition may differ from the time of invoicing to customers and these timing differences result in contract assets, or contract liabilities, on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet. Contract assets include amounts related to the contractual right to consideration for completed performance when the right to consideration is conditional. The Company records contract liabilities when cash payments are received or due in advance of performance. Contract assets and contract liabilities are recognized at the contract level.

| (in thousands) | As of | June 30, 2021 | As of Decemb | er 31, 2020 |
|--|-------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| Short-term contract assets (included in <i>Prepaid expenses and other current assets</i>) | \$ | 2,884 | \$ | 547 |
| Short-term contract liabilities (included in <i>Other accrued liabilities</i>) | | (34,751) | | (47,960) |
| Long-term contract liabilities (included in Noncurrent contract liabilities) | | (2,640) | | (3,181) |
| Net contract liabilities | \$ | (34,507) | \$ | (50,594) |

During the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Company recognized \$20.4 million and \$4.8 million, respectively, of revenue upon satisfaction of performance obligations related to amounts that were included in the net contract liabilities balance as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The increase in the contract asset during the six months ended June 30, 2021 is related to the Company's right to consideration being conditional at the end of the period. The decrease in the contract liabilities during the six months ended June 30, 2021 was primarily related to revenue recognized upon satisfaction of performance obligations related to 6.0L engines that were previously prepaid by a customer under a long-term supply agreement.

Remaining Performance Obligations

For performance obligations that extend beyond one year, the Company had \$33.5 million of remaining performance obligations as of June 30, 2021 primarily related to a long-term manufacturing contract with a customer and extended warranties. The Company expects to recognize revenue related to these remaining performance obligations of approximately \$30.5 million in the remainder of 2021, \$0.8 million in 2022, \$0.9 million in 2023, \$0.9 million in 2024, \$0.4 million in 2025 and less than \$0.1 million in 2026 and beyond.

Note 3. Weichai Transactions

Weichai Shareholder's Loan Agreements

In December 2020, the Company entered into the Shareholder's Loan Agreement with Weichai. The Shareholder's Loan Agreement was amended and restated in March 2021. On July 14, 2021, the Company entered into the Second Shareholder's Loan Agreement with Weichai. See additional discussion of these debt agreements in Note 6. *Debt*.

Weichai Collaboration Arrangement and Related Party Transactions

The Company and Weichai executed a strategic collaboration agreement (the "Collaboration Agreement") in March 2017, in order to achieve their respective strategic objectives and enhance the strategic cooperation alliance to share experiences, expertise and resources. Among other things, the Collaboration Agreement established a joint steering committee, permitted Weichai to second a limited number of certain technical, marketing, sales, procurement and finance personnel to work at the Company and established several collaborations related to stationary natural-gas applications and Weichai diesel engines. The Collaboration Agreement provided for the steering committee to create various sub-committees with operating roles and otherwise governs the treatment of intellectual property of parties prior to the collaboration and the intellectual property developed during the collaboration. The Collaboration Agreement is set to expire in March 2023.

The Company evaluates whether an arrangement is a collaborative arrangement at its inception based on the facts and circumstances specific to the arrangement. The Company also reevaluates whether an arrangement qualifies or continues to qualify as a collaborative arrangement whenever there is a change in either the roles of the participants or the participants' exposure to significant risks and rewards dependent on the ultimate commercial success of the endeavor. For those collaborative arrangements where it is determined that the Company is the principal participant, costs incurred, and revenue generated from third parties are recorded on a gross basis in the financial statements. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Company's sales to Weichai were immaterial in all periods. Purchases of inventory from Weichai were \$7.1 million and \$6.7 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, respectively. Purchases of inventory from Weichai were \$7.1 million and \$12.2 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, respectively. As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Company had immaterial receivables from Weichai and outstanding payables to Weichai of \$7.2 million and \$4.0 million, respectively.

Note 4. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment by type were as follows:

| (in thousands) | | As of June 30, 2021 | As of December 31, 2020 |
|--|----|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Property, Plant and Equipment | _ | | |
| Leasehold improvements | \$ | 6,669 | \$ 6,725 |
| Machinery and equipment | | 43,619 | 43,030 |
| Construction in progress | | 1,852 | 1,670 |
| Total property, plant and equipment, at cost | _ | 52,140 | 51,425 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | (32,978) | (31,244) |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | \$ | 19,162 | \$ 20,181 |

Note 5. Goodwill and Other Intangibles

Goodwill

The carrying amount of goodwill at both June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 was \$29.8 million. Accumulated impairment losses at both June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 were \$11.6 million.

Other Intangible Assets

Components of intangible assets are as follows:

| (in thousands) | As of June 30, 2021 | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------|---------------|----|----------------|----|-------|
| | Gross C | arrying Value | | Net Book Value | | |
| Customer relationships | \$ | 34,940 | \$ | (26,316) | \$ | 8,624 |
| Developed technology | | 700 | | (664) | | 36 |
| Trade names and trademarks | | 1,700 | | (1,308) | | 392 |
| Total | \$ | 37,340 | \$ | (28,288) | \$ | 9,052 |

| (in thousands) | | As of December 31, 2020 | | | | | |
|----------------------------|----------|-------------------------|----|----------------|----|--------|--|
| | Gross Ca | rrying Value | | Net Book Value | | | |
| Customer relationships | \$ | 34,940 | \$ | (25,117) | \$ | 9,823 | |
| Developed technology | | 700 | | (650) | | 50 | |
| Trade names and trademarks | | 1,700 | | (1,254) | | 446 | |
| Total | \$ | 37,340 | \$ | (27,021) | \$ | 10,319 | |

Note 6. Debt

The Company's outstanding debt consisted of the following:

| (in thousands) | As | of June 30, 2021 | As of December 31, 2020 |
|---|----|------------------|-------------------------|
| Short-term financing: | | | |
| Revolving credit facility * | \$ | 130,000 | \$ 130,000 |
| | | | |
| Long-term debt: | | | |
| Finance leases and other debt | | 1,047 | 1,091 |
| Total long-term debt and finance leases | · | 1,047 | 1,091 |
| Less: Current maturities of long-term debt and finance leases | | 304 | 310 |
| Long-term debt | \$ | 743 | \$ 781 |

Unamortized financing costs and deferred fees on the revolving credit facility are not presented in the above table as they are classified in *Prepaid expenses and other current assets* on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Unamortized debt issuance costs, were \$1.4 million and \$1.1 million as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

Credit Agreement and Shareholders' Loan Agreement

On March 26, 2021, the Company entered into the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement with Standard Chartered. The Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement allows the Company to borrow up to \$130.0 million (all of which has been fully borrowed as of June 30, 2021), is uncommitted, and matures on March 25, 2022. Borrowings under the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement shall bear interest at either the alternate base rate or LIBOR plus 2.70%. In addition, the Company paid fees of \$1.9 million related to the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement, which were deferred and are being amortized over the term of the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement. The Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement is secured by substantially all of the Company's assets and includes financial covenants related to the Company's financial performance for the second, third, and fourth quarters of 2021. There were no financial covenants applicable to the first quarter of 2021. The Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement gives Standard Chartered the right to demand payment of any and all of the outstanding borrowings and other amounts owed under the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement grants Standard Chartered a power of attorney (POA) to submit a borrowing request to Weichai under the amended Shareholder's Loan Agreement (see discussion below) if the Company does not submit a borrowing request to Weichai within five business days of receiving a request from Standard Chartered to submit said borrowing request.

In connection with the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement, the Company entered into the First Amended and Restated Shareholder's Loan Agreement with Weichai. The First Amended and Restated Shareholder's Loan Agreement provides the Company with a \$130.0 million secured subordinated loan facility that expires on April 25, 2022. Under the First Amended and Restated Shareholder's Loan Agreement, Weichai is obligated to advance funds solely for purposes of repaying outstanding borrowings under the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement if the Company is unable to repay such borrowings. Any potential borrowings under the First Amended and Restated Shareholder's Loan Agreement would bear interest at LIBOR plus 4.50% per annum.

As discussed above, the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement includes financial covenants which were effective for the Company beginning with the three months ended June 30, 2021 and each of the third and fourth quarters of 2021. The financial covenants include an interest coverage ratio and a minimum EBITDA threshold as further defined in the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement. For the three months ended June 30, 2021, the Company did not meet the defined minimum interest coverage nor EBITDA requirements. A breach of the financial covenants under the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement constitutes an event of default which, if not cured or waived, could result in the obligations under the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement being accelerated. The Company is currently in discussion with Standard Chartered in connection with the financial covenant breaches.

On July 14, 2021, the Company entered into an additional Shareholder's Loan Agreement (the "Second Shareholder's Loan Agreement") with Weichai. The Second Shareholder's Loan Agreement provides the Company with a \$25 million uncommitted facility that is subordinated to the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement and any borrowing requests made under the Second Shareholder's Loan Agreement are subject to Weichai's discretionary approval. Borrowings under the Second Shareholder's Loan Agreement bear interest at LIBOR plus 4.50% and can be used for general corporate purposes, except for certain legal expenditures which require additional approval from Weichai. The Second Shareholder's Loan Agreement expires on May 20, 2022 with any outstanding principal and accrued interest due upon maturity. As of August 11, 2021, the Company had \$15.0 million outstanding under the Second Shareholder's Loan Agreement.

See Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Information for further discussion of the Company's going concern considerations.

Note 7. Leases

Leases

The Company has obligations under lease arrangements primarily for facilities, equipment and vehicles. These leases have original lease periods expiring between August 2021 and August 2034. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, the Company recorded lease expense of \$1.4 million and \$3.0 million within *Cost of sales*, \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million within *Research, development, and engineering expenses*, less than \$0.1 million within *Selling, general and administrative expenses* and less than \$0.1 million within *Interest expense* in the Consolidated Statements of Operations, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company recorded lease expense of \$1.6 million and \$3.4 million within *Cost of sales*, \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million within *Research, development and engineering expenses*, \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million within *Selling, general and administrative expenses* and less than \$0.1 million within *Interest expense* in the Consolidated Statements of Operations, respectively.

The following table summarizes the components of lease expense:

| (in thousands) | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | Ended June 30, For the Six Months End | | | led June 30, | |
|--|-----------------------------|-------|----|---------------------------------------|----|-------|--------------|-------|
| | | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2021 | | 2020 |
| Operating lease cost | \$ | 1,225 | \$ | 1,368 | \$ | 2,467 | \$ | 2,747 |
| Finance lease cost | | | | | | | | |
| Amortization of right-of-use ("ROU") asset | | 52 | | 52 | | 104 | | 104 |
| Interest expense | | 9 | | 12 | | 19 | | 25 |
| Short-term lease cost | | 130 | | 108 | | 232 | | 217 |
| Variable lease cost | | 176 | | 374 | | 514 | | 797 |
| Total lease cost | \$ | 1,592 | \$ | 1,914 | \$ | 3,336 | \$ | 3,890 |

The following table presents supplemental cash flow information related to leases:

| (in thousands) | For the Six Months Ended June 3 | | | d June 30, |
|--|---------------------------------|-------|----|------------|
| | | 2021 | | 2020 |
| Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities | | | | |
| Operating cash flows paid for operating leases | \$ | 2,498 | \$ | 2,734 |
| Operating cash flows paid for interest portion of finance leases | | 19 | | 25 |
| Financing cash flows paid for principal portion of finance leases | | 104 | | 96 |
| Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations | | | | |
| Operating leases | | 9 | | 299 |
| Finance leases | | _ | | _ |

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the weighted-average remaining lease term was 6.0 years and 6.2 years for operating leases and 3.5 years and 3.8 years for finance leases, respectively. The weighted-average discount rate was 7.1% for operating leases as of both June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 and 6.7% for finance leases as of both June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

The following table presents supplemental balance sheet information related to leases:

| (in thousands) | June 30, 2021 |] | December 31, 2020 |
|---|---------------|----|-------------------|
| Operating lease ROU assets, net ¹ | \$ 15,259 | \$ | 17,104 |
| | | | |
| Operating lease liabilities, current ² | 3,826 | | 3,793 |
| Operating lease liabilities, non-current ³ | 12,245 | | 14,156 |
| Total operating lease liabilities | \$ 16,071 | \$ | 17,949 |
| | | | |
| Finance lease ROU assets, net ¹ | \$ 460 | \$ | 568 |
| | | | |
| Finance lease liabilities, current ² | 192 | | 200 |
| Finance lease liabilities, non-current ³ | 314 | | 413 |
| Total finance lease liabilities | \$ 506 | \$ | 613 |
| | | | |

- 1. Included in Other noncurrent assets for operating leases and Property, plant and equipment, net for finance leases on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.
 - Included in Other accrued liabilities for operating leases and Current maturities of long-term debt for finance leases on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.
 - Included in Other noncurrent liabilities for operating leases and Long-term debt, net of current maturities for finance leases on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The following table presents maturity analysis of lease liabilities as of June 30, 2021:

| (in thousands) | Operating Leases | Finance Leases |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|----------------|
| Six months ending December 31, 2021 | \$ 2,450 | \$ 123 |
| Year ending December 31, 2022 | 4,788 | 177 |
| Year ending December 31, 2023 | 3,283 | 103 |
| Year ending December 31, 2024 | 1,813 | 84 |
| Year ending December 31, 2025 | 1,851 | 72 |
| Thereafter | 5,554 | 9 |
| Total undiscounted lease payments | 19,739 | 568 |
| Less: imputed interest | 3,668 | 62 |
| Total lease liabilities | \$ 16,071 | \$ 506 |

Note 8. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

For assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring and nonrecurring basis, a three-level hierarchy of measurements based upon observable and unobservable inputs is used to arrive at fair value. Observable inputs are developed based on market

data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect the Company's assumptions about valuation based on the best information available in the circumstances. Depending on the inputs, the Company classifies each fair-value measurement as follows:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 based on other significant observable inputs for the assets or liabilities through corroborations with market data at the measurement date;
- Level 3 based on significant unobservable inputs that reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use to price the assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

Financial Instruments Measured at Carrying Value

Current Assets

Cash and cash equivalents are measured at carrying value, which approximates fair value because of the short-term maturities of these instruments.

Dobt

The Company measured its revolving credit facility at original carrying value. Unamortized financing costs and deferred fees on the revolving credit facility are classified in *Prepaid expenses and other current assets* on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. The fair value of the revolving credit facility approximated carrying value, as it consisted of short-term variable rate loans.

| (in thousands) | | As of June 30, 2021 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|------|---------------------|---------|-----------|-------------|------|---------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | Fair Value | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Carr | ying Value | Level 1 | | Level 2 | | Level 3 | | | | | | |
| Revolving credit facility | \$ | 130,000 \$ | | | 130,00 | 0 \$ | | _ | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (in thousands) | | | As of | f Decembe | er 31, 2020 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Fair Value | | | | | | | | |
| | Carr | ying Value | Level 1 | | Level 2 | | Level 3 | | | | | | |
| Revolving credit facility | \$ | 130,000 \$ | | <u> </u> | 130,00 | 0 \$ | | _ | | | | | |

Note 9. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Contingencies

The legal matters discussed below and others could result in losses, including damages, fines, civil penalties and criminal charges, which could be substantial. The Company records accruals for these contingencies to the extent the Company concludes that a loss is both probable and reasonably estimable. Regarding the matters disclosed below, unless otherwise disclosed, the Company has determined that liabilities associated with these legal matters are reasonably possible; however, unless otherwise stated, the possible loss or range of possible loss cannot be reasonably estimated. Given the nature of the litigation and investigations and the complexities involved, the Company is unable to reasonably estimate a possible loss for all such matters until the Company knows, among other factors, the following:

- what claims, if any, will survive dispositive motion practice;
- the extent of the claims, particularly when damages are not specified or are indeterminate;
- how the discovery process will affect the litigation;
- the settlement posture of the other parties to the litigation; and
- any other factors that may have a material effect on the litigation or investigation.

However, the Company could incur judgments, enter into settlements or revise its expectations regarding the outcome of certain matters, and such developments could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations in the period in which the amounts are accrued and/or liquidity in the period in which the amounts are paid.

Securities and Exchange Commission and United States Attorney's Office for the Northern District of Illinois Investigations

In September 2020, the Company entered into agreements with the SEC and the USAO to resolve the investigations into the Company's past revenue recognition practices. As further discussed in Part II. Item 8. *Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.*, Note 10. *Commitments and Contingencies* of the Company's 2020 Form 10-K, under the settled administrative order with the SEC, the Company committed to remediate the deficiencies in its internal control over financial reporting that constituted material weaknesses identified in its 2017 Form 10-K filed in May 2019 by April 30, 2021 unless an extension was provided by the SEC. On April 12, 2021, the SEC granted the Company's request for an extension of time until March 31,

2022 in which to comply with the requirements of the administrative order to remediate the remaining outstanding material weaknesses.

Jerome Treadwell v. the Company

In October 2018, a putative class-action complaint was filed against the Company and NOVAtime Technology, Inc. ("NOVAtime") in the Circuit Court of Cook County, Illinois. In December 2018, NOVAtime removed the case to the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Illinois, Eastern Division under the Class Action Fairness Act. Plaintiff has since voluntarily dismissed NOVAtime from the lawsuit without prejudice and filed an amended complaint in April 2019. The operative, amended complaint asserts violations of the Illinois Biometric Information Privacy Act ("BIPA") in connection with employees' use of the time clock to clock in and clock out using a finger scan and seeks statutory damages, attorneys' fees, and injunctive and equitable relief. An aggrieved party under BIPA may recover (i) \$1,000 per violation if the Company is found to have negligently violated BIPA or (ii) \$5,000 per violation if the Company is found to have intentionally or recklessly violated BIPA plus reasonable attorneys' fees. In May 2019, the Company filed its motion to dismiss the plaintiff's amended complaint. In December 2019, the court denied the Company's motion to dismiss. In January 2020, the Company moved for reconsideration of the court's order denying the motion to dismiss, or in the alternative, to stay the case pending the Illinois Appellate Court's ruling in McDonald v. Symphony Healthcare on a legal question that would be potentially dispositive in this matter. In February 2020, the court denied the Company's motion for reconsideration, but required the parties to submit additional briefing on the Company's motion to stay. In April 2020, the court granted the Company's motion to stay and stayed the case pending the Illinois Appellate Court's ruling in McDonald v. Symphony Healthcare. In October 2020, after the McDonald ruling, the court granted the parties' joint request to continue the stay of the case for 60 days. The court also ordered the parties to schedule a settlement conference with the Magistrate Judge in May 2021 which went forward without a settlement being reached. The stay remains in place pending further guidance from the Court. As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Company had recorded an estimated liability of \$0.3 million related to the potential settlement of this matter.

Mast Powertrain v. the Company

In February 2020, the Company received a demand for arbitration from Mast Powertrain, LLC ("Mast") pursuant to a development agreement entered into in November 2011 (the "Development Agreement"). Mast claimed that it is owed more than \$9.0 million in past royalties and other damages for products sold by the Company pursuant to the Development Agreement. The Company disputed Mast's damages, denied that any royalties are owed to Mast, denied any liability, and counterclaimed for overpayment on invoices paid to Mast. Mast subsequently clarified its claim for past royalties owed to be approximately \$4.5 million. In July 2021, the Company reached a settlement with Mast to resolve past claims for royalties owed for \$1.5 million which the Company had previously recorded within *Selling, general and administrative expenses* in the Statement of Operations for the year-ended December 31, 2020. As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Company had recognized a liability of \$1.5 million within *Other accrued liabilities* on the Consolidated Balance Sheet related to the settlement of this matter. In addition, the Company entered into an agreement with Mast under which Mast will provide various technical services.

Indemnification Agreements

Under the Company's bylaws and certain indemnification agreements, the Company has obligations to indemnify current and former officers and directors and certain current and former employees. As a result of cumulative legal fees and settlements previously paid, the Company fully exhausted its primary directors' and officers' insurance coverage of \$30 million during the first quarter of 2020. Additional expenses currently expected to be incurred and that will occur in the future and/or liabilities that may be imposed in connection with actions against certain of the Company's past directors and officers and certain former employees who are entitled to indemnification will be funded by the Company with its existing cash resources. The Company accrues for such costs as incurred within *Selling, general and administrative expenses* in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, the Company incurred \$10.5 million and \$13.6 million, respectively, of costs related to these indemnification obligations and \$2.4 million and \$3.8 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 are costs of \$5.9 million and \$7.9 million, respectively, that the Company incurred on behalf of Gary Winemaster, former Chairman of the Board and former Chief Executive Officer and President, who is also a related party. For the three and six ended June 30, 2020 these costs were \$1.1 million and \$2.3 million, respectively. At this time, the Company is not able to estimate the impact of these obligations due to the actions ongoing; however, the impact has been and may continue to be material to the Company's results of operations, financial condition, and cash flows.

In June 2020, the Company entered into a new directors' and officers' liability insurance policy, which was renewed in June 2021. The insurance policy includes standard exclusions including for any ongoing or pending litigation such as the previously disclosed investigations by the SEC and USAO.

Other Commitments

At June 30, 2021, the Company had six outstanding letters of credit totaling \$2.3 million. The letters of credit primarily serve as collateral for the Company for certain facility leases and insurance policies. As discussed in Note 1. *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Information*, the Company had restricted cash of \$2.9 million as of June 30, 2021 related to these letters of credit.

The Company has arrangements with certain suppliers that require it to purchase minimum volumes or be subject to monetary penalties. As discussed in Note 1. *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Information*, oil prices have increased from their lows reached in April 2020. However, rig counts in the U.S. have been slower to return as levels at the end of June 2021 remain below the average for the first half of 2020 and significantly below the full year average for 2019. This has impacted the demand for the Company's products sold into the oil and gas market. Based on current and forecasted demand of the Company's products, current and forecasted oil prices for 2021 and the significant lead time for the Company to order and acquire certain materials, the Company does not expect to meet the minimum purchase commitment for 2021 related to one of its supply agreements and recorded an expense of \$1.0 million within *Cost of sales* in the Consolidated Statement of Operations for the six months ended June 30, 2021.

Note 10. Income Taxes

On a quarterly basis, the Company computes an estimated annual effective tax rate considering ordinary income and related income tax expense. Ordinary income refers to income (loss) before income tax expense excluding significant, unusual or infrequently occurring items. The tax effect of an unusual or infrequently occurring item is recorded in the interim period in which it occurs.

The Company has assessed the need to maintain a valuation allowance for deferred tax assets based on an assessment of whether it is more likely than not that deferred tax benefits will be realized through the generation of future taxable income. Appropriate consideration is given to all available evidence, both positive and negative, in assessing the need for a valuation allowance. In assessing the realizability of the Company's deferred tax assets, the Company considered whether it is more likely than not that some or all of the deferred tax assets will be realized through the generation of future taxable income. In making this determination, the Company assessed all of the evidence available at the time, including recent earnings, forecasted income projections and historical performance. The Company determined that the negative evidence outweighed the objectively verifiable positive evidence and continues to maintain a full valuation allowance against deferred tax assets.

The effective tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 was 3.3% and 0.4%, compared to an effective tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 of (2.8)% and 16.2%. The effective tax rates for all periods were significantly different than the applicable U.S. statutory tax rate primarily due to the Company's full valuation allowance recorded against the deferred tax assets related to the Company's net losses and adjustments for the impact of the *Coronavirus Aid*, *Relief*, *and Economic Security Act* (the "CARES Act"). For the six months ended June 30, 2020, the effective tax rate was further impacted by a change in the deferred tax liability related to an indefinite-lived intangible asset.

Note 11. Stockholders' Equity

Common and Treasury Stock

The changes in shares of Common and Treasury Stock are as follows:

| (in thousands) | Common Shares Issued | Treasury Stock Shares | Common Shares Outstanding |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | 23,117 | 225 | 22,892 |
| Net shares issued for Stock awards | _ | (2) | 2 |
| Balance as of June 30, 2021 | 23,117 | 223 | 22,894 |

Note 12. Loss Per Share

The Company computes basic earnings (loss) per share by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted-average common shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is calculated to give effect to all potentially dilutive common shares that were outstanding during the year. Weighted-average diluted common shares outstanding primarily reflect the additional shares that would be issued upon the assumed exercise of stock options and the assumed vesting of unvested share awards. The treasury stock method has been used to compute diluted loss per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

The Company issued Stock Appreciation Rights ("SARs") and Restricted Stock Awards ("RSAs"), all of which have been evaluated for their potentially dilutive effect under the treasury stock method. See Note 13. *Stock-Based Compensation* in the Company's 2020 Annual Report for additional information on the SARs and the RSAs.

The computations of basic and diluted loss per share are as follows:

| (in thousands, except per share basis) | For | the Three Mon | ths E | For the Six Months Ended June 30, | | | |
|--|---------|---------------|-------|-----------------------------------|----------------|----|----------|
| | | 2021 | | 2020 | 2021 | | 2020 |
| Numerator: | | | | | | | |
| Net loss | \$ | (15,571) | \$ | (17,742) | \$ (33,721) | \$ | (18,454) |
| | | | | | | | |
| Denominator: | | | | | | | |
| Shares used in computing net loss per share: | | | | | | | |
| Weighted-average common shares outstanding – basic | | 22,893 | | 22,858 | 22,893 | | 22,858 |
| Effect of dilutive securities | | _ | | _ | _ | | _ |
| Weighted-average common shares outstanding – diluted | | 22,893 | | 22,858 | 22,893 | | 22,858 |
| | <u></u> | | | | | | |
| Loss per common share: | | | | | | | |
| Loss per share of common stock – basic | \$ | (0.68) | \$ | (0.78) | \$ (1.47) | \$ | (0.81) |
| Loss per share of common stock – diluted | \$ | (0.68) | \$ | (0.78) | \$ (1.47) | \$ | (0.81) |

The aggregate number of shares excluded from the diluted loss per share calculations, because they would have been anti-dilutive, were 0.2 million shares for each of the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, SARs and RSAs were not included in the diluted loss per share calculations as they would have been anti-dilutive (1) due to the losses reported in the Consolidated Statements of Operations or (2) the Company's average stock price was less than the exercise price of the SARs or the grant price of the RSAs.

Note 13. Related Party Transactions

Weichai Transactions

See Note 3. Weichai Transactions for information regarding the Amended and Restated Shareholder's Loan Agreement, the Second Shareholder's Loan Agreement and the Collaboration Agreement with Weichai.

Transactions with Joint Ventures

MAT-PSI Holdings, LLC

In December 2012, the Company and MAT Holdings, Inc. ("MAT") entered into an agreement to create MAT-PSI Holdings, LLC ("MAT-PSI"), which was intended to be a holding company of its 100% Chinese wholly-owned foreign entity, referred to as Green Power. The Company invested \$0.9 million for its 50% share of MAT-PSI, which was formed to manufacture, assemble and supply natural gas, gas and alternative-fueled power systems to Chinese and Asian forklift customers. The venture established a production facility in Dalian and also sourced base engines from a local Chinese factory. As MAT-PSI was not profitable, the venture was closed in 2017; however, the Company had previously been in dispute with Green Power related to the wind up of the joint venture and outstanding receivables. On March 29, 2021, the Company executed a settlement agreement with MAT and Green Power which resolved the dispute. The final settlement agreement did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Doosan-PSI, LLC

In 2015, the Company and Doosan Infracore Co., Ltd. ("Doosan"), a subsidiary of Doosan Group, entered into an agreement to form Doosan-PSI, LLC. The Company invested \$1.0 million to acquire 50% of the venture, which was formed to operate in the field of developing, designing, testing, manufacturing, assembling, branding, marketing, selling, distributing and providing support for industrial gas engines and all components and materials required for assembly of the gas engines to the global power generation market outside of North America and South Korea. In the fourth quarter of 2019, Doosan and the Company agreed to wind down and dissolve the joint venture. In the second quarter of 2021, the Company received a cash distribution from the joint venture of \$2.2 million as a result of the final wind down and dissolution of the joint venture.

Joint Venture Operating Results

The Company's investments in joint ventures are accounted for under the equity method of accounting. Expense from this investment for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 was less than \$0.1 million. Income from this investment was less than \$0.1 million and \$0.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, respectively. The joint venture operating results are presented in *Other income*, *net* in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Other Related Party Transactions

See Note 9. *Commitments and Contingencies* for information regarding the Company's indemnification obligations related to certain former directors and officers of the Company.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion and analysis includes forward-looking statements about the Company's business and consolidated results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, including discussions about management's expectations for the Company's business. These statements represent projections, beliefs and expectations based on current circumstances and conditions and are made in light of recent events and trends. These statements should not be construed either as assurances of performance or as promises of a given course of action. Instead, various known and unknown factors are likely to cause the Company's actual performance and management's actions to vary, and the results of these variances may be both material and adverse. See "Forward-Looking Statements." The following discussion should also be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited consolidated financial statements and the related Notes included in this Quarterly Report.

Executive Overview

The Company designs, engineers, manufactures, markets and sells a broad range of advanced, emission-certified engines and power systems that run on a wide variety of clean, alternative fuels, including natural gas, propane, and biofuels, as well as gasoline and diesel options, within the energy, industrial and transportation end markets with primary manufacturing, assembly, engineering, research and development ("R&D"), sales and distribution facilities located in suburban Chicago, Illinois and Darien, Wisconsin. The Company provides highly engineered, comprehensive solutions designed to meet specific customer application requirements and technical specifications, including those imposed by environmental regulatory bodies, such as the U.S. Environment Protection Agency ("EPA"), the California Air Resource Board ("CARB") and the People's Republic of China's Ministry of Ecology and Environment ("MEE").

The Company's products are primarily used by global original equipment manufacturers ("OEM") and end-user customers across a wide range of applications and equipment that includes standby and prime power generation, demand response, microgrid, combined heat and power, arbor care, material handling (including forklifts), agricultural and turf, construction, pumps and irrigation, compressors, utility vehicles, light- and medium-duty vocational trucks, school and transit buses, and utility power. The Company manages the business as a single reporting segment.

For the three months ended June 30, 2021, the Company's net sales increased \$18.4 million, or 20%, from the three months ended June 30, 2020 to \$111.5 million, the result of increased sales across the transportation and industrial end markets of \$17.0 million and \$6.4 million, respectively, partly offset by a \$5.0 million decrease in the energy end market. Gross margin for the three months ended June 30, 2021 was 11.8%, an increase of 770 basis points versus 4.1% in the comparable 2020 period. Gross profit increased by \$9.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021, while operating expenses increased by \$8.7 million, as compared to the comparable period in 2020. Other expense, net decreased by \$0.4 million during the three months ended June 30, 2021 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2020 primarily due to the absence of losses on the extinguishment of debt during the three months ended June 30, 2021. The Company recorded an income tax benefit of \$0.5 million during the three months ended June 30, 2021 compared to an expense of \$0.5 million in the prior year. Collectively, these factors contributed to a \$2.2 million decrease in the net loss, which totaled \$15.6 million in the 2021 period compared to net loss of \$17.7 million in the same period in 2020. Diluted loss per share was \$0.68 in the 2021 period compared to diluted loss per share of \$0.78 in the comparable 2020 period. Adjusted net loss, which excludes certain items described below that the Company believes are not indicative of its ongoing operating performance, was \$3.8 million in the 2021 period, a decrease of \$8.4 million, compared to Adjusted net loss of \$12.2 million in 2020. Adjusted loss per share was \$0.16 in 2021 compared to Adjusted loss per share of \$0.53 in 2020. Adjusted earnings before interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") was a loss of \$0.5 million in 2021 compared to an Adjusted EBITDA loss of \$8.6 million in 2020. Adjusted net loss (income), Adjusted loss (income) per share and Adjusted EBITDA are non-GAAP financial measures. For a reconciliation of each of these measures to the nearest applicable GAAP financial measure, as well as additional information about these non-GAAP measures, see the section entitled Non-GAAP Financial Measures in this Item 2.

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, the Company's net sales increased \$13.5 million, or 7%, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2020, as a result of sales increases across the transportation and industrial end markets of \$39.8 million and \$3.6 million, respectively, partly offset by a \$29.9 million decrease in the energy end market. Gross margin was 9.6% and 10.8% during the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Gross profit decreased during the six months ended June 30, 2021 by \$1.2 million compared to the six months ended June 30, 2020, while operating expenses increased by \$9.9 million as compared to the comparable period in 2020. Interest expense increased by \$0.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021 versus the comparable period in 2020. Loss on the extinguishment of debt decreased by \$0.5 million due to the absence of losses on the extinguishment of debt during the six months ended June 30, 2021. Other expense (income), net increased by \$0.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2021. Also, the Company recorded an income tax benefit of \$0.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021 versus a benefit of \$3.6 million for the same period last year. Collectively, these factors contributed to a \$15.3 million increase in the net loss, which totaled \$33.7 million in the 2021 period compared to a net loss of \$18.5 million in the same period of 2020. Diluted loss per share was \$1.47 in the 2021 period compared to diluted loss per share of \$0.81 in the comparable 2020 period. Adjusted net loss, which excludes certain items described below that the Company believes are not indicative of its ongoing operating performance, was \$16.7 million in the 2021 period compared to Adjusted

net loss of \$12.8 million in 2020. Adjusted loss per share was \$0.72 in 2021 compared to Adjusted loss per share of \$0.56 in 2020. Adjusted EBITDA was a loss of \$9.0 million in 2021 compared to an Adjusted EBITDA loss of \$6.0 million in 2020. Adjusted net loss (income), Adjusted loss (earnings) per share and Adjusted EBITDA are non-GAAP financial measures. For a reconciliation of each of these measures to the nearest applicable GAAP financial measure, as well as additional information about these non-GAAP measures, see the section entitled Non-GAAP Financial Measures in this Item 2.

2020

For the Six Months Ended June 30,

100 %

2020

198,153

100 %

2021

211,649

Net sales by geographic area and by end market for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 are presented below:

For the Three Months Ended June 30,

100 %

2021

111,478

Totals

| Geographic Area | | g | % of Total | | 9 | 6 of Total | 9 | 6 of Total | | | % of Total |
|----------------------|----|----------|---------------|--------|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------|---------------------|-----------------|
| North America | \$ | 101,869 | 92 % | \$ | 81,979 | 88 % | \$ 193,784 | 91 % | \$ | 176,499 | 89 % |
| Pacific Rim | | 5,420 | 4 % | | 6,295 | 7 % | 10,948 | 5 % | | 12,749 | 6 % |
| Europe | | 1,958 | 2 % | | 2,578 | 3 % | 3,568 | 2 % | | 5,235 | 3 % |
| Others | | 2,231 | 2 % | | 2,204 | 2 % | 3,349 | 2 % | | 3,670 | 2 % |
| Total | \$ | 111,478 | 100 % | \$ | 93,056 | 100 % | \$ 211,649 | 100 % | \$ | 198,153 | 100 % |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | For | the Three Mor | nths E | nded June 30, | | For | the Six Montl | ns En | ded June 30, | |
| | _ | For 2021 | | nths E | nded June 30, 2020 | | For 2021 | the Six Montl | ns En | ded June 30, 202 | 0 |
| End Market | _ | 2021 | | nths E | 2020 | 6 of Total | 2021 | the Six Montl | ns En | , | 0 % of Total |
| End Market Energy | \$ | 2021 | | s | 2020 | 6 of Total 32 % | \$ 2021 | | ns En | , | |
| | \$ | 2021 | % of Total | s | 2020 | | \$ 2021 | 6 of Total | _ | 202 | % of Total |

100 %

93,056

Results of Operations

Results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 compared with the three and six months ended June 30, 2020:

| (in thousands, except per share amounts) | | ree Months June 30, | | | | Ionths Ended e 30, | | % Change | |
|--|----------------|------------------------|-----------|----------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------|----------|--|
| | 2021 | 2020 | Change | % Change | 2021 | 2020 | Change | | |
| Net sales | \$ 111,478 | \$ 93,056 | \$ 18,422 | 20 % | \$ 211,649 | \$ 198,153 | \$ 13,496 | 7 % | |
| Cost of sales | 98,284 | 89,279 | 9,005 | 10 % | 191,385 | 176,662 | 14,723 | 8 % | |
| Gross profit | 13,194 | 3,777 | 9,417 | NM | 20,264 | 21,491 | (1,227) | (6)% | |
| Gross margin % | 11.8 % | 4.1 % | 7.7 % | | 9.6 % | 10.8 % | (1.2)% | | |
| Operating expenses: | | | | | | | | | |
| Research, development and engineering expenses | 6,111 | 5,814 | 297 | 5 % | 12,335 | 12,566 | (231) | (2)% | |
| Research, development and engineering expenses as a % of sales | s a % of sales | | | 5.8 % | 6.3 % | (0.5)% | | | |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 21,089 | 12,580 | 8,509 | 68 % | 36,900 | 26,470 | 10,430 | 39 % | |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses as a % of sales | 18.9 % | 13.5 % | 5.4 % | | 17.4 % | 13.4 % | 4.0 % | | |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 633 | 764 | (131) | (17)% | 1,267 | 1,527 | (260) | (17)% | |
| Total operating expenses | 27,833 | 19,158 | 8,675 | 45 % | 50,502 | 40,563 | 9,939 | 25 % | |
| Operating loss | (14,639) | (15,381) | 742 | (5)% | (30,238) | (19,072) | (11,166) | 59 % | |
| Other expense, net: | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest expense | 1,469 | 1,427 | 42 | 3 % | 3,630 | 2,701 | 929 | 34 % | |
| Loss on extinguishment of debt | _ | 497 | (497) | (100)% | _ | 497 | (497) | (100)% | |
| Other expense (income), net | 1 | (44) | 45 | (102)% | 1 | (255) | 256 | (100)% | |
| Total other expense, net | 1,470 | 1,880 | (410) | (22)% | 3,631 | 2,943 | 688 | 23 % | |
| Loss before income taxes | (16,109) | (17,261) | 1,152 | (7)% | (33,869) | (22,015) | (11,854) | 54 % | |
| Income tax (benefit) expense | (538) | 481 | (1,019) | NM | (148) | (3,561) | 3,413 | (96)% | |
| Net loss | \$ (15,571) | \$ (17,742) | \$ 2,171 | (12)% | \$ (33,721) | \$ (18,454) | \$ (15,267) | 83 % | |
| Loss per common share: | | | | | | | | | |
| Basic | \$ (0.68) | \$ (0.78) | \$ 0.10 | (13)% | \$ (1.47) | \$ (0.81) | \$ (0.66) | 81 % | |
| Diluted | \$ (0.68) | \$ (0.78) | \$ 0.10 | (13)% | \$ (1.47) | \$ (0.81) | \$ (0.66) | 81 % | |
| Non-GAAP Financial Measures: | | | | | | | | | |
| Adjusted net loss * | \$ (3,774) | \$ (12,178) | \$ 8,404 | ` ' | \$ (16,730) | \$ (12,849) | \$ (3,881) | 30 % | |
| Adjusted loss per share – diluted * | \$ (0.16) | \$ (0.53) | \$ 0.37 | (70)% | , , | \$ (0.56) | \$ (0.16) | 29 % | |
| EBITDA * | \$ (12,828) | \$ (13,758) | \$ 930 | (7)% | \$ (26,527) | \$ (15,179) | \$ (11,348) | 75 % | |
| Adjusted EBITDA * | \$ (476) | \$ (8,582) | \$ 8,106 | (94)% | \$ (8,981) | \$ (5,956) | \$ (3,025) | 51 % | |

NM Not meaningful
* Non-GAAP measurement, see reconciliation below

Net Sales

Net sales increased \$18.4 million, or 20%, during the three months ended June 30, 2021 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2020 as a result of higher sales across the transportation and industrial end markets of \$17.0 million and \$6.4 million, respectively, partly offset by a \$5.0 million decrease in the energy end market. The increase in transportation end market sales was primarily due to increased medium duty truck market business and a nominal increase in the school bus market. The increased sales within the industrial end market reflects higher demand for products used across various applications, including those products used in the material handling/forklift, arbor care and industrial cleaning equipment markets. Lower energy end market sales were driven by decreased demand for the Company's power generation products, especially for demand response products.

Net sales increased \$13.5 million, or 7%, during the six months ended June 30, 2021 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2020, as a result of higher sales of \$39.8 million and \$3.6 million in the transportation and industrial end markets, respectively, partly offset by a decrease of \$29.9 million in the energy end market. The increase in transportation end market sales was primarily due to increased demand for products used in the medium duty truck market partly resulting from lower sales volumes in the first half of 2020 due to the acceleration of shipments of certain engines during the fourth quarter of 2019. Higher sales within the industrial end market reflects increased demand for products used across various applications, with the largest increases attributable to higher demand for products used in the arbor care, industrial cleaning equipment, and material handling/forklift markets. Lower energy end market sales were driven by decreased demand for the Company's power generation products, especially for demand response products and those used within the oil and gas industry.

Gross Profit

Gross profit increased during the three months ended June 30, 2021 by \$9.4 million, or 249%, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2020. Gross margin was 11.8% and 4.1% during the three months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The increase in gross margin is primarily due to significantly lower warranty expenses, the impact of higher sales and cost savings driven by actions to improve manufacturing operations, partly offset by material cost increases, higher tariff and freight costs and unfavorable product mix. For the three months ended June 30, 2021, warranty costs were \$0.7 million (net of supplier recoveries of \$0.6 million), including a \$3.3 million benefit for adjustments to preexisting warranties, a decrease of \$13.1 million compared to warranty costs of \$13.8 million (net of supplier recoveries of \$0.6 million), including charges of \$9.3 million for adjustments to preexisting warranties, for the three months ended June 30, 2020.

Gross profit decreased during the six months ended June 30, 2021 by \$1.2 million, or 6%, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2020. Gross margin was 9.6% and 10.8% during the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The decline in gross margin is primarily due to material cost increases, higher tariff and freight costs and unfavorable product mix, partly mitigated by lower warranty expense, the impact of higher sales and cost savings driven by actions to improve manufacturing operations. For the six months ended June 30, 2021, warranty costs were \$7.5 million (net of supplier recoveries of \$2.5 million), including \$0.8 million of charges for adjustments to preexisting warranties, a decrease of \$8.0 million compared to warranty costs of \$15.5 million (net of supplier recoveries of \$1.9 million), including \$9.9 million of charges for adjustments to preexisting warranties, for the six months ended June 30, 2020.

Research, Development and Engineering Expenses

Research, development and engineering expenses during the three months ended June 30, 2021 were \$6.1 million, an increase of \$0.3 million, or 5%, from the three months ended June 30, 2020 levels. The increase was primarily related to the timing of projects.

Research, development and engineering expenses during the six months ended June 30, 2021 were \$12.3 million, a decrease of \$0.2 million, or 2%, from the six months ended June 30, 2020 levels. The decrease was primarily due to lower wages and benefits driven by reduced headcount.

$Selling, \ General\ and\ Administrative\ Expenses$

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased during the three months ended June 30, 2021 by \$8.5 million, or 68%, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2020. The increase was primarily due to higher legal costs related to the Company's indemnification obligations of former officers and employees as a result of elevated spending activity during the three months ended June 30, 2021 as a result of the USAO's trial involving former officers and employees (see additional discussion in Note 9. *Commitments and Contingencies* in Part I, Item 1. *Financial Statements*). The Company also experienced higher wages and benefits expense due in part to the reinstatement of salaries and benefits to pre-COVID levels. In addition, the Company incurred higher severance costs. These cost increases were partly offset by lower financial reporting costs during the three months ended June 30, 2021.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased during the six months ended June 30, 2021 by \$10.4 million, or 39%, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2020. The increase was primarily due to the Company's indemnification obligations

of former officers and employees as a result of the exhaustion of its directors' and officers' insurance during the early part of 2020 coupled with elevated spending activity during the six months ended June 30, 2021 as a result of the USAO's trial involving former officers and employees during the period (see additional discussion in Note 9. *Commitments and Contingencies* in Part I, Item 1. *Financial Statements*). The Company also experienced higher wages and benefits expenses in addition to higher severance costs. These increases were partly offset by lower financial reporting costs during the six months ended June 30, 2021.

Interest Expense

Interest expense was \$1.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021 as compared to \$1.4 million the three months ended June 30, 2020.

Interest expense increased \$0.9 million to \$3.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2020, largely due to higher average outstanding debt and a higher overall effective interest rate on the Company's debt during the six months ended June 30, 2021, as compared to the prior year.

Loss on Extinguishment of Debt

There was no impact related to the loss on the extinguishment of debt for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021. The Company recognized a loss on the extinguishment of debt of \$0.5 million for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 related to the repayment of its revolving credit facility with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A and its unsecured senior notes in April 2020. These debt instruments were replaced by a new senior secured revolving credit facility with Standard Chartered Bank.

See Note 6. Debt, included in Part I, Item 1. Financial Statements, for additional information regarding the Company's current debt agreements.

Other Expense (Income), Net

Other expense (income), net increased by less than \$0.1 million during the three months ended June 30, 2021 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2020.

Other expense (income), net increased by \$0.3 million to expense of less than \$0.1 million during the six months ended June 30, 2021 compared to a benefit of \$0.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2020.

Other expense (income), net is primarily comprised of the Company's equity earnings from its joint venture. Refer to Note 13. *Related Party Transactions*, in Part I, Item 1. *Financial Statements*, for further discussion of the Company's joint venture.

Income Tax Expense

The Company recorded an income tax benefit of \$0.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021, as compared to income tax expense of \$0.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. The Company's pretax loss was \$16.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021, compared to pretax loss of \$17.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. Income tax benefit for the three months ended June 30, 2021 primarily related to an adjustment in the impact of the *Coronavirus Aid*, *Relief*, *and Economic Security Act* (the "CARES Act"). The Company continues to record a full valuation allowance against deferred tax assets which offsets the tax benefit associated with the pre-tax loss for both the three months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

The Company recorded an income tax benefit of \$0.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021, as compared to an income tax benefit of \$3.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. The Company's pretax loss was \$33.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021, compared to pretax loss of \$22.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. The Company continues to record a full valuation allowance against deferred tax assets which offsets the tax benefits associated with the pre-tax loss for both the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020. The income tax benefit for the six months ended June 30, 2020 is primarily attributable to the enactment of the CARES Act in the period.

See Note 10. Income Taxes, included in Part I, Item 1. Financial Statements, for additional information related to the Company's income tax provision.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In addition to the results provided in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP") above, this report also includes non-GAAP (adjusted) financial measures. Non-GAAP financial measures provide insight into selected financial information and should be evaluated in the context in which they are presented. These non-GAAP financial measures have limitations as analytical tools and should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for, financial information presented in compliance with U.S. GAAP, and non-GAAP financial measures as reported by the Company may not be comparable to similarly titled amounts reported by other companies. The non-GAAP financial measures should be considered in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements, including the related notes, and *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations* included in this report. Management does not use these non-GAAP financial measures for any purpose other than the reasons stated below.

| Non-GAAP Financial Measure | Comparable GAAP Financial Measure |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Adjusted net income (loss) | Net income (loss) |
| Adjusted earnings (loss) per share | Earnings (loss) per common share – diluted |
| EBITDA | Net income (loss) |
| Adjusted EBITDA | Net income (loss) |

The Company believes that Adjusted net income (loss), Adjusted earnings (loss) per share, EBITDA, and Adjusted EBITDA provide relevant and useful information, which is widely used by analysts, investors and competitors in its industry as well as by the Company's management in assessing the performance of the Company. Adjusted net income (loss) is defined as net income (loss) as adjusted for certain items that the Company believes are not indicative of its ongoing operating performance. Adjusted earnings (loss) per share is a measure of the Company's diluted earnings (loss) per common share adjusted for the impact of special items. EBITDA provides the Company with an understanding of earnings before the impact of investing and financing charges and income taxes. Adjusted EBITDA further excludes the effects of other non-cash charges and certain other items that do not reflect the ordinary earnings of the Company's operations.

Adjusted net income (loss), Adjusted earnings (loss) per share, EBITDA, and Adjusted EBITDA are used by management for various purposes, including as a measure of performance of the Company's operations and as a basis for strategic planning and forecasting. Adjusted net income (loss), Adjusted earnings (loss) per share, and Adjusted EBITDA may be useful to an investor because these measures are widely used to evaluate companies' operating performance without regard to items excluded from the calculation of such measures, which can vary substantially from company to company depending on the accounting methods, the book value of assets, the capital structure and the method by which the assets were acquired, among other factors. They are not, however, intended as alternative measures of operating results or cash flow from operations as determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

The following table presents a reconciliation from Net loss to Adjusted net loss for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020:

| (in thousands) | | For the Three Mon | ths | Ended June 30, | For the Six Months Ended June 30, | | | | | |
|--|----|-------------------|------|----------------|-----------------------------------|----------|----|----------|--|--|
| | | 2021 | 2020 | | | 2021 | | 2020 | | |
| Net loss | \$ | (15,571) | \$ | (17,742) | \$ | (33,721) | \$ | (18,454) | | |
| Stock-based compensation ¹ | | 123 | | 160 | | 232 | | 317 | | |
| Loss on debt extinguishment ² | | _ | | 497 | | _ | | 497 | | |
| Severance ³ | | 232 | | _ | | 692 | | _ | | |
| Incremental financial reporting ⁴ | | _ | | 957 | | _ | | 1,779 | | |
| Internal control remediation ⁵ | | 310 | | 294 | | 703 | | 892 | | |
| Government investigations and other legal matters ⁶ | | 11,687 | | 3,268 | | 15,919 | | 5,738 | | |
| Discrete income tax items ⁷ | | (555) | | 388 | | (555) | | (3,618) | | |
| Adjusted net loss | \$ | (3,774) | \$ | (12,178) | \$ | (16,730) | \$ | (12,849) | | |

The following table presents a reconciliation from Loss per common share – diluted to Adjusted loss per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020:

| | For the Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | | For the Six Month | d June 30, | |
|--|-------------------------------------|--------|----|--------|----|-------------------|------------|--------|
| | | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2021 | 2020 | |
| Loss per common share – diluted | \$ | (0.68) | \$ | (0.78) | \$ | (1.47) | \$ | (0.81) |
| Stock-based compensation ¹ | | 0.01 | | 0.01 | | 0.01 | | 0.01 |
| Loss on debt extinguishment ² | | _ | | 0.02 | | _ | | 0.02 |
| Severance ³ | | 0.01 | | _ | | 0.03 | | _ |
| Incremental financial reporting ⁴ | | _ | | 0.04 | | _ | | 0.08 |
| Internal control remediation ⁵ | | 0.01 | | 0.02 | | 0.03 | | 0.04 |
| Government investigations and other legal matters ⁶ | | 0.51 | | 0.14 | | 0.70 | | 0.25 |
| Discrete income tax items ⁷ | | (0.02) | | 0.02 | | (0.02) | | (0.15) |
| Adjusted loss per share – diluted | \$ | (0.16) | \$ | (0.53) | \$ | (0.72) | \$ | (0.56) |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Diluted shares (in thousands) | | 22,893 | | 22,858 | | 22,893 | | 22,858 |

The following table presents a reconciliation from Net loss to EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020:

| (in thousands) | For the Three Mon | ıths | Ended June 30, | For the Six Months Ended June 30, | | | | |
|--|-------------------|------|----------------|-----------------------------------|----|----------|--|--|
| | 2021 | | 2020 | 2021 | | 2020 | | |
| Net loss | \$ (15,571) | \$ | (17,742) | \$ (33,721) | \$ | (18,454) | | |
| Interest expense | 1,469 | | 1,427 | 3,630 | | 2,701 | | |
| Income tax (benefit) expense | (538) | | 481 | (148) | | (3,561) | | |
| Depreciation | 1,179 | | 1,312 | 2,445 | | 2,608 | | |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 633 | | 764 | 1,267 | | 1,527 | | |
| EBITDA | (12,828) | | (13,758) | (26,527) | | (15,179) | | |
| Stock-based compensation ¹ | 123 | | 160 | 232 | | 317 | | |
| Loss on debt extinguishment ² | _ | | 497 | _ | | 497 | | |
| Severance ³ | 232 | | _ | 692 | | _ | | |
| Incremental financial reporting ⁴ | _ | | 957 | _ | | 1,779 | | |
| Internal control remediation ⁵ | 310 | | 294 | 703 | | 892 | | |
| Government investigations and other legal matters ⁶ | 11,687 | | 3,268 | 15,919 | | 5,738 | | |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$ (476) | \$ | (8,582) | \$ (8,981) | \$ | (5,956) | | |

- Amounts reflect non-cash stock-based compensation expense.
- Amount represents the loss on the extinguishment of the Company's prior credit facility with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. and the senior unsecured notes in April 2020.
- Amounts represent severance and other post-employment costs for certain former employees of the Company.
- Amounts represent professional services fees related to the Company's efforts to prepare, audit and file delinquent financial statements with the SEC, as well as tax compliance matters impacted by the restatement of prior period financial statements. The amounts exclude \$0.1 million and \$1.0 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020.
- Amounts represent professional services fees related to the Company's efforts to remediate internal control material weaknesses including certain costs to upgrade IT systems.

 Amounts include professional services fees for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 of \$10.5 million and \$13.6 million, respectively, and \$2.4 million and \$3.8 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, respectively, related to costs to indemnify certain former officers and employees of the Company. The Company is obligated to pay legal costs of certain former officers and employees in accordance with Company bylaws and certain indemnification agreements. As further discussed in Note 9. Commitments and Contingencies of Part I, Item 1. Financial Statements, the Company fully exhausted its historical primary directors' and officers' insurance coverage in connection with these matters during the first quarter of 2020. Also included are professional services fees and reserves related to certain other legal matters.
- Amounts for all periods include adjustments to impacts of the CARES Act; the six months ended June 30, 2020 also include a change in the deferred tax liability related to an indefinite lived intangible asset.

Cash Flows

Cash was impacted as follows:

| (in thousands) | (in thousands) For the Six Months Ended Ju | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|--|---------|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----------|
| | | <u></u> | 2021 | | 2020 | | Change | % Change |
| Net cash (used in) | provided by operating activities | \$ | (14,239) | \$ | 4,010 | \$ | (18,249) | *NM |
| Net cash provided | by (used in) investing activities | | 1,032 | | (1,409) | | 2,441 | 173 % |
| Net cash (used in) | provided by financing activities | | (2,608) | | 33,378 | | (35,986) | (108)% |
| Net (decrease) incre | ase in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash | \$ | (15,815) | \$ | 35,979 | \$ | (51,794) | (144)% |
| Capital expenditure | 5 | \$ | (1,185) | \$ | (1,416) | \$ | 231 | 16 % |

^{*}NM Not meaningful

Cash Flows for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2021

Cash Flow from Operating Activities

Net cash used in operating activities was \$14.2 million in the six months ended June 30, 2021 compared to net cash provided by operating activities of \$4.0 million in the six months ended June 30, 2020, resulting in an increase of \$18.2 million in cash used in operating activities year-over-year. The increase in cash used by operating activities was primarily related to an increase in the net loss of \$15.3 million and a \$3.8 million decrease in cash generated from working capital accounts, partially offset by an increase of \$1.0 million in non-cash adjustments. The decrease in cash generated from working capital in the six months ended June 30, 2021 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2020 was primarily related to lower accounts receivable collections partly offset by a decline in cash outflow associated with inventory and a net increase in liabilities. The decline in the cash outflow for inventory for the six months ended June 30, 2021 compared to the same period in 2020 was largely due to the sale of 6.0L engines acquired in 2020 as discussed further in Item 1. Note 2. *Revenue*, partly offset by increased purchases of inventory during the six months ended June 30, 2021 to support forecasted sales growth in the second half of 2021. The net increase in liabilities was largely due to increased accounts payable related to the previously discussed increased inventory purchases as well as costs incurred related to the Company's indemnification obligations, as further discussed in Item 1. Note 9. *Commitments and Contingencies*, partly offset by a decline in accrued expenses. The increase in non-cash adjustments was primarily due to increased amortization of deferred financing fees.

Cash Flow from Investing Activities

Net cash provided by investing activities was \$1.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021 compared to cash used in investing activities of \$1.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2021, cash provided by investing activities primarily related to a return of investment upon the liquidation of a joint venture partly offset by capital expenditures associated with normal maintenance of the Company's facilities. For the six months ended June 30, 2020, cash used in investing activities was primarily related to capital expenditures associated with normal maintenance of the Company's facilities.

Cash Flow from Financing Activities

The Company used \$2.6 million in cash from financing activities in the six months ended June 30, 2021 compared to \$33.4 million in cash generated by financing activities in the six months ended June 30, 2020. The cash used by financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was primarily attributable to cash paid for the March 2021 and December 2020 amendments of the Company's debt arrangements compared to net borrowings under the Company's revolving credit facility for the six months ended June 30, 2020 partly offset by repayment of the Company's senior secured notes. See additional discussion below and in Note 6. *Debt*, included in Part I, Item 1. *Financial Statements* related to the amendments of the Company's debt arrangements.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

In March 2021, the Company entered into an amended and restated uncommitted revolving credit agreement between the Company and Standard Chartered Bank ("Standard Chartered"), as administrative agent (the "Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement"). The Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement continues to allow the Company to borrow up to \$130.0 million and matures on March 25, 2022. Under the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement, Standard Chartered has the right to demand payment of any and all outstanding borrowings and other amounts outstanding under the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement at any point in time at its discretion. In connection with the execution of the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement, the Company entered into an amendment and restatement of the shareholder's loan agreement

originally executed with Weichai in December 2020 ("the First Amended and Restated Shareholder's Loan Agreement"). The First Amended and Restated Shareholder's Loan Agreement provides the Company with access to \$130.0 million of credit solely for purposes of repaying outstanding borrowings under the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement. The First Amended and Restated Shareholder's Loan Agreement expires on April 25, 2022. The Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement provides Standard Chartered with a power of attorney ("POA") to submit a borrowing request to Weichai under the First Amended and Restated Shareholder's Loan Agreement if the Company fails to submit a borrowing request within five business days of receiving a request from Standard Chartered.

As discussed in Item 1. Note 6. *Debt*, included in Part I, Item 1. *Financial Statements*, the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement includes financial covenants which were effective for the Company beginning with the three months ended June 30, 2021 and each of the third and fourth quarters of 2021. The financial covenants include an interest coverage ratio and a minimum EBITDA threshold as further defined in the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement. For the three months ended June 30, 2021, the Company did not meet the defined minimum interest coverage nor EBITDA requirements. A breach of the financial covenants under the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement constitutes an event of default which, if not cured or waived, could result in the obligations under the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement being accelerated. The Company is currently in discussion with Standard Chartered in connection with the financial covenant breaches.

On July 14, 2021, the Company entered into an additional Shareholder's Loan Agreement (the "Second Shareholder's Loan Agreement") with Weichai. The Second Shareholder's Loan Agreement provides the Company with a \$25 million uncommitted facility that is subordinated to the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement and any borrowing requests made under the Second Shareholder's Loan Agreement are subject to Weichai's discretionary approval. Borrowings under the Second Shareholder's Loan Agreement bear interest at LIBOR plus 4.50% and can be used to supplement the Company's working capital, except for certain legal expenditures which require Weichai's prior consent. The Second Shareholder's Loan Agreement expires on May 20, 2022 with any outstanding principal and accrued interest due upon maturity. As of August 11, 2021, the Company had \$15.0 million outstanding under the Second Shareholder's Loan Agreement.

As of June 30, 2021, the Company's total outstanding debt obligations under the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Credit Agreement were \$130.0 million in the aggregate, and its cash and cash equivalents were \$5.5 million. See Item 1. Note 6. *Debt*, included in Part I, Item 1. *Financial Statements*, for additional information. These amounts reflect a net positive cash impact from customer prepayments of \$5.4 million. As discussed above, in July 2021, the Company drew down \$15.0 million on the Second Shareholder's Loan Agreement to help support its business and operational needs. The Company' continues to work with Weichai to explore longer-term financing solutions.

Significant uncertainties exist about the Company's ability to refinance, extend, or repay its outstanding indebtedness under its existing debt arrangements, maintain sufficient liquidity to fund its business activities, obtain a cure or waiver in connection with the financial covenant breaches, and maintain compliance with the covenants and other requirements under the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement in the future. Without additional financing, the Company anticipates that it will not have sufficient cash and cash equivalents to repay the outstanding indebtedness under the Company's existing debt arrangements as it becomes due. Management currently plans to seek an extension and/or replacement of its existing debt arrangements or seek additional liquidity from its current or other lenders before the maturity dates in 2022 as discussed above. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to successfully complete a refinancing on acceptable terms or repay this outstanding indebtedness when required or if at all.

Additionally, during 2020, as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, the global economy experienced substantial turmoil, which led to challenging market conditions across certain areas of the Company's business. In addition, due to unprecedented decreases in demand, an oil price war, and economic uncertainty resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic, average crude oil prices were considerably lower in 2020 as compared to prices at the end of 2019. Since May 2020, crude oil prices increased considerably from their lows reached in April 2020. However, U.S. rig counts have been slower to return as levels at the end of June 2021 remain below the average for the first half of 2020 and significantly below the full year average during 2019. These circumstances have contributed to a challenging environment for the sale of the Company's oil and gas related products through the first half of 2021. The Company is encouraged with the continued U.S. rig count improvement during Q2 2021; however, there can be no assurance that the Company's oil and gas related sales will improve during the second half of 2021. A significant portion of the Company's sales and profitability is derived from the sale of products that are used within the oil and gas industry. In addition, the Company experienced delays in its supply chain during the first half of 2021 due to temporary shortages of raw materials and container delays of overseas materials as bottlenecks occurred at ports in Asia and North America. This, in turn, caused delivery delays to some of the Company's customers. The Company also experienced inflationary cost pressures for certain materials and has also experienced higher tariff costs as a result of the non-renewal of certain exclusions. The Company is working to mitigate the impact of these matters through price increases and other measures, where possible. The potential for continued disruptions, economic uncertainty, and unfavorable oil and gas market dynamics may have a material adverse impact on the timing of delivery of custome

Additionally, during the first half of 2021, the Company incurred significantly higher legal costs due to its obligation to indemnify certain former officers and employees as a result of exhaustion of its directors and officers insurance during the early part of 2020. In particular, spending activity was elevated in the first half of 2021 as a result of the United States Attorney's Office for the Northern District of Illinois (the "USAO") trial involving former officers and employees of the Company. Although the trial remains ongoing, the Company believes that it is in the final phases. However, at this time, the Company is not able to estimate the potential future amount of its indemnity obligations related to this matter nor the pending U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") matter involving these prior officers and employees matter. The continued impacts of the above items may result in the recognition of material impairments or other related charges. Moreover, the full impact of the above items on the Company's operations and liquidity continues to evolve.

Due to uncertainties surrounding the Company's future ability to refinance, extend, or repay its outstanding indebtedness under its existing debt arrangements, maintain sufficient liquidity to fund its business activities, obtain a cure or waiver in connection with the financial covenant breaches, and maintain compliance with the covenants and other requirements under the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement in the future, substantial doubt exists as to its ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that these financial statements are issued. If the Company does not have sufficient liquidity to fund its business activities, it may be forced to limit its business activities or be unable to continue as a going concern, which would have a material adverse effect on its results of operations and financial condition.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

At June 30, 2021, the Company had six outstanding letters of credit totaling \$2.3 million. See Item 1. Note 9. *Commitments and Contingencies* for additional information related to the Company's off-balance sheet arrangements and the outstanding letters of credit.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The Company's consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S GAAP. Preparation of these financial statements requires the Company to make estimates, assumptions and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. The Company's most critical accounting policies and estimates are those most important to the portrayal of its financial condition and results of operations and which require the Company to make its most difficult and subjective judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates regarding matters that are inherently uncertain. Although management believes that its estimates and assumptions are reasonable, they are based on information available when they are made and, therefore, may differ from estimates made under different assumptions or conditions.

The Company's significant accounting policies are consistent with those discussed in Note 1. *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Information*, to the consolidated financial statements and the MD&A section of the Company's 2020 Annual Report on Form 10-K (the "2020 Annual Report"). During the six months ended June 30, 2021, there were no significant changes in the application of critical accounting policies.

The Company has identified the following accounting policies as its most critical because they require the Company to make difficult, subjective, and complex judgments:

- Revenue Recognition
- Inventories
- Impairment of Long-Lived Assets
- Warranty
- Deferred Tax Asset Valuation Allowance

Impact of New Accounting Standards

For information about recently issued accounting pronouncements, see Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Information, included in Part 1, Item 1.

| Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market F | uantitative and Oualita | tive Disclosures About M | arket Risk. |
|---|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
|---|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|

The Company is a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and is not required to provide the information under this item.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The term "disclosure controls and procedures" is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Exchange Act as "controls and other procedures of an issuer that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the issuer in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act are recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC rules and forms." The Company's disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that material information relating to the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries is accumulated and communicated to its management, including its Chief Executive Officer and its Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

The Company's management, with the participation of its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2021. Based upon that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of June 30, 2021, because of the previously reported material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting, as described below.

Ongoing Remediation of Material Weaknesses in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

As previously disclosed under Item 9A. *Controls and Procedures* in the 2020 Annual Report, the Company's management concluded that its internal control over financial reporting was not effective based on the material weaknesses identified. Management is committed to the continued implementation of remediation efforts to address the material weaknesses. The remediation efforts summarized below, which have been or will be implemented, are intended both to address the identified material weaknesses and to enhance the Company's overall internal control environment.

As further discussed in Part II. Item 8. *Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.*, Note 10. *Commitments and Contingencies* of the Company's 2020 Annual Report, under the settled administrative order with the SEC, the Company committed to remediate the deficiencies in its internal control over financial reporting that constituted material weaknesses identified in its 2017 Form 10-K filed in May 2019 by April 30, 2021 unless an extension was provided by the SEC. On April 12, 2021, the SEC granted the Company's request for an extension of time until March 31, 2022 in which to comply with the requirements of the administrative order to remediate the remaining outstanding material weaknesses.

Control Environment, Risk Assessment, Information and Communication, and Monitoring

Control Environment:

Since 2017, the Company has either replaced or appointed new Board and Audit Committee members, a Chief Executive Officer, a Chief Financial Officer, a Chief Commercial Officer, a Chief Information Officer, and a Vice President, Internal Audit. These changes, along with the actions of these individuals and other senior management, have collectively improved the tone of integrity, transparency and support of the Company's updated Code of Business Conduct and Ethics.

The Company has updated its Code of Business Conduct and Ethics and has implemented an ongoing training program to help ensure employees understand and comply with the Code. The Company continues to enhance the program to provide extensive communications and training to employees across the entire organization regarding the importance of integrity and accountability.

The Company has established a process to identify and address internal control weaknesses through the control environment.

IT Skillset and Competency:

The Company continues to assess the level of technical skills in the information technology ("IT") function to support the design and implementation of IT general controls ("ITGCs"). The IT function has been reorganized under the leadership of a Chief Information Officer who reports to the Chief Executive Officer. The Company hired an IT Security lead in the fourth quarter of 2020 and is actively recruiting for certain technical IT positions. The Company continues to supplement a portion of the IT resources with temporary resources to assist with performing certain technical IT activities.

Segregation of Duties:

- The Company has established standards governing the segregation of incompatible duties across the organization.
- The Company has implemented a technical upgrade to its Enterprise Resource Planning System ("ERP System") and is redesigning system access roles across the Company to improve the segregation of incompatible duties.
- The Company is designing and implementing various processes and controls to adequately segregate job responsibilities and system access throughout the organization and implementing applicable mitigating internal controls.

Control Activities

As part of the overall remediation plan, the Company is designing and implementing review and approval controls over data utilized in various accounting processes. These controls will address the accuracy, timely recording and completeness of data used in the determination of significant accounting estimates, reserves, and valuations as well as impacted presentation and disclosures in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Revenue Accounting:

- The Company has designed and implemented policies and procedures to ensure that critical inputs affecting the accuracy and timeliness of revenue recognition and related reserves and sales allowances are communicated to the accounting department on a timely basis.
- The Company has established and has begun implementing improved review and approval controls across the Company to ensure that revenue, including that of nonroutine revenue transactions, is recognized consistently in accordance with the terms of the contracts and customers and U.S. GAAP.
- The Company has developed and is in the process of implementing sales transaction review procedures to review certain key transaction attributes.

Reserves and Accruals:

The Company is in the process of enhancing controls over the review and approval of key reserves and accruals, including, warranty reserves, sales allowances and excess and obsolete inventory.

Period End Close/Accounting Documentation:

• The Company has designed and is implementing procedures and controls over the period-end close process and related documentation including, but not limited to, period-end checklists, review and approval of journal entries, taxes, inventory in-transit, account roll forwards and reconciliations, general ledger account maintenance and financial statement analysis/thresholds.

Information Technology:

- The Company has reconstructed its ITGC framework to focus on controls that mitigate key financial reporting risks.
- The Company has designed and is implementing controls over access, change management and IT operations to ensure that access rights are
 restricted to appropriate individuals, and that data integrity is maintained via effective change management controls over system updates and over
 the flow of data between systems.
- The Company is re-designing its ERP System to further improve and automate ITGCs as well as other business process application controls.

Data Maintenance:

- The Company is designing and implementing procedures and controls to appropriately identify and assess changes made to data repositories that could significantly impact data integrity and the internal control framework, including, but not limited to, (i) creating centralized, complete and accurate data repositories, (ii) maintaining customer and vendor master files, employee data files, perpetual inventory records, inventory physical and cycle counts, and stock compensation agreements and (iii) communicating an enterprise data management policy and record retention policy.
- The Company has developed procedures to ensure completeness and accuracy of the data used in the design and operation of internal controls.

When fully implemented and operational, the Company believes the measures described above will remediate the control deficiencies that have led to the material weaknesses it has identified and will strengthen its internal control over financial reporting. The Company is committed to continuing to improve its internal control processes and it will continue to review its financial reporting controls and procedures. As the Company continues to evaluate and work to improve its internal control over financial reporting, it may determine that a need exists to take additional measures to address control deficiencies or modify certain remediation measures described above.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Other than the ongoing remediation efforts described above, there have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, its internal control over financial reporting.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

See Note 9. *Commitments and Contingencies*, included in Part I, Item 1. *Financial Statements*, for a discussion of legal proceedings, which are incorporated herein by reference.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

The Company is a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and is not required to provide the information under this item.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

None.

Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities.

See Note 6. Debt, included in Part I, Item 1. *Financial Statements*, for a discussion of the Company's default under the Amended and Restated Uncommitted Revolving Credit Agreement, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

Not applicable.

EXHIBIT INDEX

The following documents listed below that have been previously filed with the SEC (1934 Act File No. 001-35944) are incorporated herein by reference:

| | | | Incorporated by Reference Herein | | | |
|-------------|----|---|----------------------------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| Exhibit No. | , | Exhibit Description | Form | Exhibit | Filing Date | File No. |
| 31.1 | * | <u>Certification of Chief Executive Officer, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u> | | | | |
| 31.2 | * | <u>Certification of Chief Financial Officer, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u> | | | | |
| 32.1 | ** | Certification of Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002. | | | | |
| 32.2 | ** | Certification of Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002. | | | | |
| 101.INS | * | XBRL Instance Document. | | | | |
| 101.SCH | | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document. | | | | |
| 101.CAL | | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document. | | | | |
| 101.LAB | | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document. | | | | |
| 101.PRE | | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document. | | | | |
| 101.DEF | * | XBRL Taxonomy Definition Linkbase Document. | | | | |

Filed with this Report.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, on the 11th day of August 2021.

POWER SOLUTIONS INTERNATIONAL, INC.

/s/ Donald P. Klein By: Name:

Donald P. Klein

Title: Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

This exhibit shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, or otherwise subject to the liability of that Section. Such exhibit shall not be deemed incorporated into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 17 CFR 240.13a-14 PROMULGATED UNDER SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

- I, Lance Arnett, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Power Solutions International, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 11, 2021 By: /s/ Lance Arnett

Name: Lance Arnett

Title: Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 17 CFR 240.13a-14 PROMULGATED UNDER SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Donald P. Klein, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Power Solutions International, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 11, 2021 By: /s/ Donald P. Klein

Name: **Donald P. Klein**Title: Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION OF THE PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Power Solutions International, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Lance Arnett, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 11, 2021 By: /s/ Lance Arnett

Name: Lance Arnett

Title: Chief Executive Officer

This certification accompanies each Report pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not, except to the extent required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, be deemed filed by the Company for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided by the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

CERTIFICATION OF THE PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Power Solutions International, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Donald P. Klein, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 11, 2021 By: /s/ Donald P. Klein

Name: **Donald P. Klein**Title: Chief Financial Officer

This certification accompanies each Report pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not, except to the extent required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, be deemed filed by the Company for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided by the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.